Weather

Showers and squalls today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 82.4 and the minimum 77.2 the figures for the corresponding day last year being 92.5 and 75.7.

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

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ALLIES CONSIDERING WHAT TO DO WITH ENEMY'S WARSHIPS

All That Remain Now Are Five Battleships And 30 Small Craft

DISCUSS SILESIA

Foch Sees Necessity Of Keeping 150,000 Troops In Rhine Area

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 28.—The Supreme Council today discussed the disposal of enemy warships, of which only five battleships and thirty small craft remain. France favors their distribution on a basis proportional to war losses. The other Powers advocate breaking them up.

Plebiscite In Silesia

Regarding a plebiscite for Silesia: Marshal Foch has informed the Council that a force of 13,000 men composed of equal Allied contingents is required to maintain order.

The proposal of Marshal Foch regarding a new demarcation line between the Poles and Lithuanians in the districts of Suwalki and Seyni, which is slightly more favorable to the Poles, was accepted by the Council.

Consider Food Question

The Council is considering Signor Tittoni's proposal for an inter-Allied distribution of coal and foods.

Foch Voices Views

Paris, July 28.—Marshal Foch appeared before the Council of Five and urged the necessity of having at least 150,000 men in the permanent Army of Occupation on the Rhine. England and the United States will keep only a very limited number of men on the Rhine. France will have to supply any additional men which Marshal Foch may deem necessary.

VIENNA NOT DISPLEASED BY BAUER'S RESIGNATION

Action May Expedite Signing Of Austrian Treaty, It Is Believed

(*Reuter's Service*)

Vienna, July 27.—Herr Bauer's resignation has been received with general satisfaction since he was undoubtedly anti-Entente and meddled with the relations between France and Italy. It is expected his resignation will expedite the signing of the Austrian Treaty.

FRENCH MINISTERS LEAVE FOR LONDON CONFERENCE

Questions Concerning Allied Economic Position Are To Be Considered

(*French Wireless To Reuter*)

Paris, July 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—M. Noulens, the Minister of Agriculture and Food Supply, M. Clementel, Minister of Commerce, and M. Claveille, Minister of Public Works, will leave Paris this evening on their way to London, where they will find waiting them M. Vilgrain, the Under Secretary for Food Supply. These ministers will proceed to study questions concerning the economic position of the Allies in conjunction with British representatives.

ARRANGEMENT IS SOUGHT WITH BRITAIN BY FRANCE

Proposal Made For Exchange Of Materials And Formation Of Distributing Body

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 28.—The French Minister for Industrial Reconstruction is now in London endeavoring to arrange an exchange of raw material between England and France, the creation of an inter-Allied organism for the distribution of food-stuffs and the reduction of sea-freight rates.

Violent Typhoon Hovers About Shanghai; All Ships Warned To Stay In Port

Three Different Cyclonic Centers Believed Heading Toward This Port And Typhoon Gun Is Fired First Time Since 1916

A temporary tie-up of shipping, the moving of small craft to the Pootung side of the Whangpoo and precautions against a heavy blow by big vessels in the harbor were occasioned yesterday afternoon and last night when it seemed almost certain that one of three cyclonic centers detected in the Pacific would hit Shanghai. Two of the three depressions were slowly moving toward here yesterday afternoon and shipping men took all possible precautions against a heavy storm.

The typhoon was reported as nearing Wenchow on Thursday afternoon. It is moving very slowly and observers can not determine how soon it should reach Shanghai providing none of the storm centers change courses.

Monteagle Is Delayed

The C.P.O.S. liner Monteagle has been held up at least 12 hours and for some time yesterday it was impossible to get into wireless communication with the liner. Due here yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, a wireless message was received by the local agency of the C.P.O.S. about five o'clock, giving the ship's position as 57 miles from Fairway Buoy or about 110 miles from Shanghai. The message brought no details of the storm which delays the Monteagle until early this morning. The liner is to dock at Jardine, Matheson and Company's Hongkew Wharf.

The Shanghai agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company has had no wireless from the Colombia which left here Tuesday morning and probably skirted the most southern depression. The Colombia is due at Manila at daylight today. The course the Pacific Mail steamers follow takes them along the coast inside Formosa and the southernmost depression is reported far outside the Island.

Rough weather is reported all along the China Coast.

Three Distinct Storm Centers

Three distinct cyclonic centers are reported, moving west by northwest and north by northwest. One has been located in the Pacific, east of Balingtang Channel; a second in the North China Sea and the third over the Eastern Sea. All three centers have developed severe storms.

The barometer dropped consistently from six o'clock yesterday morning and at two o'clock in the afternoon the typhoon gun was fired and the "violent warning" signals hoisted. The gun signal was given for the first time in three years.

Following the signal, announcement of delays in sailing of coasters and river steamers was made and all small craft moored on the Shanghai side of the Whangpoo swung over to the Pootung shore.

At six o'clock last night the barometer in Shanghai registered 29.57 but at Gutzlaff, 40 miles outside Woosung, the instrument read 29.23 and high winds were reported.

At one o'clock this morning the barometer at the French Meteorological Station on the Bund registered 29.54, a drop of .03 since six o'clock last night. A sharp drop was noted at midnight. The wind was increasing in velocity.

Vessels Stay In Port

Six coasters and river steamers and one ocean liner were held in port because of the typhoon warning. The Saratov, scheduled to sail for Marseilles yesterday, will not leave until today. The Hsin Ningshao, to leave for Pootoo yesterday with a party of excursionists including a group of Andersen, Meyer and Company employes, cancelled the weekly sailing. Other steamers delayed are the Kiukiang, destined to river ports; Hsin Peking, regular Ningpo steamer; Siangtan, for Hankow; Tungchow, for Weihaiwei; Chefoo and Tientsin and the Feiching, for Amoy and Swatow. Several freighters were cleared Thursday but did not leave port before five o'clock yesterday. The list of those held in port includes the Rotorua, for Nanking; Kaijun Maru, for Dairen; Taiei Maru, for Wakamatsu; and Anlan, for Chungking.

RACIAL DISTURBANCES BREAK OUT IN CHICAGO

Firearms Are Freely Used In Negro Quarter And Many Casualties Result

(*Reuter's Service*)

Chicago, July 28.—Racial riots which broke out in the negro quarter yesterday evening, partly owing to negro encroachment on the white district, resulted in many casualties on both sides. Firearms were freely used. The authorities state the situation is well in hand.

France Plans To Ban Unsightly Monuments

Restrictions To Be Put Upon Cities That Wish To Erect War Memorials

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 28.—The public authorities ask for a law to restrict Municipalities from erecting inartistic war memorials, speedy legislative action being necessary to prevent commercial monuments springing up all over France.

Deputies Considering French State Lottery

Proposal Advanced As Measure Of Relief To Meet Country's National Debt

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, July 28.—A proposal has been brought before the Chamber of Deputies to institute a huge state lottery for 30 milliards of francs with prizes amounting to six milliards, the remainder going to the relief of the National Debt.

MANILA CHINESE REFUSE TO CELEBRATE VICTORY

Plan Mass Meeting To Protest Shantung Settlement Next Monday, Victory Day

(CHINA PRESS OWN SERVICE)

Manila, August 1.—Chinese residents of this city have refused to take part in the monster Victory Day celebrations to be held next Monday and plan a big mass meeting to protest against the award of German rights in Shantung to Japan.

An appropriation of Pesos 5,000, originally intended as the Chinese community's contribution to the celebration of the Allied victory, will be used to purchase rice for the poor.

Monday has been declared a holiday throughout the Philippine Islands, Acting-Governor General Yeater having issued a proclamation. There will be celebrations in all provincial capitals and in many provincial towns. A committee of 111 persons will have charge of the Manila celebrations.

STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA BELIEVED TO BE OVER

Expected Seamen Will Follow Advice Of Leaders And Return To Work

(*Reuter's Service*)

Melbourne, July 27.—It is expected that the seamen in all states will unhesitatingly adopt their leaders' advice and resume work.

It is estimated that the loss in wages is £2,500,000.

The strike of the builders and laborers has been settled. The loss in wages in this dispute is estimated at £100,000.

British Aero Mechanics At Mineola Prepare For Arrival Of R-34

British mechanics prepare for arrival of R.34.

A squad of British aero mechanics familiar with the workings of the giant British dirigible R-34 were transported from England to Roosevelt Field, Mineola, L. I., to prepare for the arrival of the big transatlantic craft. Here are shown some of the British Air Service mechanics on the job at Mineola, from left to right: M. G. Rampton, L. T. Sparks, Sergeant-Major A. G. Poole, I. G. England and W. H. Thompson.

BRITISH COAL STRIKE IN NOT YET ADJUSTED

Miners Have Not Returned To Work In Yorkshire Where Floods Threaten Pits

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 28.—In the House of Commons today Mr. A. Bonar Law stated that the coal situation is very little changed and with regard to Yorkshire, work has not been resumed. Five pits are in danger of being flooded in a few days if action is not taken. All the Lancashire, Cheshire, Notts and Derbyshire miners have resumed except a few Notts pits which are under the Yorkshire Union. The situation in the other coalfields is normal, with minor exceptions in Staffordshire. The Government will not allow any technical question to prevent them bringing the Yorkshire miners and mine owners together if necessary but having made an agreement with the Miners' Federation which covered the whole area the Government thought they had settled the dispute.

Vote Not Practicable

London, July 28.—Mr. A. Bonar Law, expressed the opinion, in the House of Commons today, that a referendum of the nationalisation of coal was impracticable.

Leigh Men Return

London, July 28.—10,000 Miners at Leigh have decided to return to work immediately. It is estimated that the strike has already resulted in the loss of a million tons of coal.

Wire And Metal Men Striking In Germany

Walkout Of Thirty Thousand In Berlin Threatens To Cut Communications

(*Reuter's Service*)

Berlin, July 26—30,000 metal workers and electricians have struck and are threatening to cut off the telegraphs and telephones.

Announce Resignation Of Jugo-Slav Cabinet

(*French Wireless To Reuter*)

Rome, July 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—It is announced from Belgrade that the Jugo-Slav Cabinet headed by M. Protitcheit has resigned.

BRITISH LABOR CHIEF DUBIOUS ABOUT STRIKES

J. H. Thomas Says Men Should Enforce Their Demands In House Of Commons

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 27.—Mr. J. H. Thomas, the well known labor leader, has returned from a visit to America.

Speaking at Derby, he urged the workers to remember that the country at present was living on borrowed capital. He did not want to abandon the strike as a weapon, but it should only be used as a last resort. The present daily strikes would certainly lead to disaster. If the Trades Unions wished to enforce their demands they should do so in the House of Commons.

St. Luke's Hospital Prepared To Receive Choleraic Patients

Arranges Special Department For Care And Study Of Intestinal Diseases

Because of the increasing demand for better class accommodations for patients suffering from choleraic diarrhoea the staff of St. Luke's Hospital has opened a special department for the treatment of cases of intestinal diseases.

St. Luke's is always full of patients and in order to make possible this special department new beds have been purchased and the stronger of the convalescent patients have been sent home so as to increase the number of beds available.

Laboratory facilities are also available for the use of the new department and it is announced that special study will be made of each case in the hope that better methods of treating the disease may be found.

The hospital announces that private and semi-private accommodations are offered, doctors and nurses are on duty all the time and so long as there are empty beds patients will be admitted at any hour of the day or night.

The Red Cross Summer Diseases Hospital is making ready for possible increase in the virulence of the epidemic by fitting up premises in Taku Road for hospital work. Yesterday the hospital was full but the institution was able to care for all cases applying.

Former Shanghai Man Drowned At Swatow

Mr. V. Maunder Of Jardine, Matheson And Company Loses Life While Bathing

Mr. V. Maunder, employed in the shipping department of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Company at Swatow, was drowned while bathing at Swatow on Sunday, July 27, it was learned yesterday. No details of the accident are known in Shanghai.

Mr. Maunder is well known here where he was active in amateur theatricals. He was employed in the Chinese Maritime Customs before joining Jardine, Matheson and Company. His brother, Mr. A. V. Maunder, of the British Cigarette Company, has left here for Swatow.

ARMED ROBBER SHOOTS CHINESE AFTER TUSSLE

Wounds Man Who Attempts Capture Following Park Road Robbery

A Chinese attempting to capture one of five armed robbers, who entered a house at 211 Park Road last night, was shot in the leg after a tussle and was taken to the Shantung Road Hospital for treatment. The wound is not serious.

The five stole jewelry after holding up the residents of the house. As they ran out, one was grabbed by a Chinese who resides in the neighborhood and had heard the shouting for help. The latter grappled with the robber and was shot.

No arrests were made up to an early hour this morning.

FRANCO-SERVIAN ARMY MAY ATTACK BELA KUN

Drive On His Right Flank Is Planned If He Does Not Heed Allied Demands

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 28.—Reuter's Agency understands, in connection with the Allied warning to Bela Kun, that arrangements have been made for a Franco-Servian advance to attack the right flank of the army under Bela Kun should the latter not comply with the Allies terms.

Rumanians Massing Troops

Copenhagen, July 27.—A message sent from Budapest yesterday says that the Hungarian Army Command states that the Rumanians have concentrated all their forces on the other side of the Theiss and we have withdrawn to this side of the Theiss.

AWARD GIVES TO BRITAIN ALL-RED LINE TO CAIRO

African Colonies Belgium Is To Govern Designated In Brussels Message

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 28.—A telegram from Brussels states that Belgium will be given the mandate for Ruanda and Urundi while the balance of ex-German East Africa will be under British control with clear territorial rights to Lake Edward and Lake Albert and for an all-red Cape to Cairo route.

Senate Hears Wilson On Forces In Siberia

Troops To Remain As Long As Rail Lines Need To Be Guarded

(*Reuter's Service*)

Washington, July 28.—President Wilson has informed the Senate that the American Force in Siberia was primarily sent to protect the Siberian Railway, and it will remain as long as protection is necessary.

BRITISH PATENTS BILL PASSES SECOND READING

Decision Not Announced On What Will Be Done When Restrictions Expire

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 28.—In the House of Commons today, Sir Auckland Geddes moved the second reading of the Patents Bill which makes numerous amendments to the present law, including provisions for preventing the abuse of monopoly rights and extending the term for patents from 14 to 16 years.

Sir Auckland Geddes said the Bill was intended to improve the position of the inventor, to ensure that the man without capital got the fruits of his invention and to prevent foreign inventors getting protection in Great Britain without manufacturing their invention in Great Britain on a commercial scale.

The Bill passed its second reading.

PEACE FOR CHINA BROUGHT NEARER BY NEW CABINET

Way Is Paved At Peking For Naming Of Chief Northern Delegate

KUNG IS ANFUITE

Likely Premier, However, Is Said To Have Good Official Record

CHOICE IN DOUBT

Three Being Considered For Leadership Of Delegation

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, July 29.—The President has at last induced Kung Hsin-chan, the present Minister of Finance and and Acting Premier, to undertake the formation of a permanent Cabinet, and Kung's nomination for the premiership went to Parliament today. The decision to name Kung for this post was made only after lengthy consultation with the leaders of the Anfu party; and Kung's appointment is assured by Li Shen-tou and Wang Yi-tang, the speakers of the Senate and the House, who have guaranteed to the President the ratification of Kung's nomination at Thursday's session of Parliament.

The pushing through of Kung's appointment as premier with the approval of the President and of the Anfu Club means that the President is anxious to establish a permanent Cabinet at any cost so that there will be a background in Peking for the coming domestic peace negotiations. No Northern official wants to accept the post of chief delegate at Shanghai with the feeling that he has at his back only a temporary Cabinet which may be changed at any time and the successor to which is only too likely to undermine all his efforts at the Shanghai Conference. Thus, without a regular ministry in charge of affairs in Peking, it was impossible to appoint a chief delegate from the North and push forward the negotiations for national peace, negotiations which President Hsu regards as of the highest importance to China.

One Of Anfu Clique

Kung Hsin-chan is a member of the moderate wing of the Anfu party, which is regarded as having won a victory by inducing President Hsu to appoint him to the premiership. While not just the man whom the Anfu Club originally desired for the post, Kung is a man with a pretty good official record and neither sufficiently known nor sufficiently unpopular to be decried as an Anfu reactionary. On the other hand Kung is distinctly one of the Anfu clique and will subordinate himself to the will of the party majority in all matters related to party policy and prestige. He has done this during his career as Minister of Finance and Acting Premier, and he had the reputation of following the Anfu lead when he was Civil Governor of Anhui. All things considered the Anfu Club has every reason to congratulate itself upon his appointment, which would probably not have been made but for the fact the President was confronted with a dual problem, the solution of the domestic peace question and the appointment of a new premier and Cabinet. Using the former as a lever, the Anfu Club put a man whom they could use into the premiership.

Preliminary negotiations for national peace are going ahead smoothly and with Kung Hsin-chan as the coming premier and hence out of the running for the post of chief Northern delegate. Political discussion is beginning to center around the question as to who will represent the North at Shanghai. Wang Yi-tang, who was nominated for this position two weeks ago and whose name was withdrawn because of the opposition of the Southern delegates at Shanghai, is still a likely candidate provided that the Canton

Government can be persuaded to agree to his appointment.

Three Names Mentioned

The President is known, however, to favor either Chu Chi-chien, Chien Neng-hsun or Chou Shu-mo—his original candidate for the premiership—and it is now believed here that one of the two former will be urged once more to represent the North at Shanghai. The appointment of Wang Yi-tang, besides being disagreeable to the South, would give the Anfu Club more than their share of control both at Peking and at Shanghai; and it is probable that everything will be done to keep the Shanghai Conference, if not directly in the hands of the President, at least out of the immediate control of the Anfuites.

Of the two likely appointees, Chu Chi-chien and Chien Neng-hsun, Chu is more acceptable to the Anfu Club than Chien. Chu is furthermore the President's own first choice and has had a good record at Shanghai, where his work before the conference was disrupted made him popular with both sides. On the other hand Chu does not want the post and has said time and again that he will not accept. His refusals have exceeded the traditional three in vogue in China and have been uttered so often that they must be regarded as serious.

Compromise Is Probable

Chien Neng-hsun, who has also refused to accept the headship of the Northern delegation, is none the less willing to accept the post if it is offered to him again, and the President would rather have him at Shanghai than any one except Chu Chi-chien. The difficulty in the case of Chien is the opposition of the Anfu Club, which has no liking for him and strongly resisted his appointment a few weeks ago. With one of their own men at the head of the coming Cabinet it is, however, possible, although by no means probable, that the Anfuites will place no obstacles in the way of Chien's appointment to the headship of the Northern delegation. Failing either Chu or Chien, one of the two Northern delegates now at Shanghai, and more probably Wang Yu-lin, will receive the appointment as a compromise between the wishes of the Anfu Club and the President.

In the meantime the Government has received a telegram from Wang and Chiang, its delegates at Shanghai, that conversations with the Southern representatives are proceeding satisfactorily and that all that is now required is the appointment of a chief Northern delegate. Unless the North send down a full delegation soon Wang and Chiang say that all their labors will have gone to waste.

Other Peace Moves

In addition to the negotiations now going on at Shanghai peace conversations are being held here at Peking between Li Yi-hei, the representative of Tsen Chun-hsuan, and Kuan Mien-chun, who has just returned from Shanghai, whither he went on a special peace mission in behalf of the President. Both of these men have assured President Hsu that Tsen is sincere in his desire for compromise that will reunite the nation and are urging the President and the Acting Premier to agree with Tsen on some way of bringing the country together at an early date.

The Government has also been carrying on telegraphic negotiations with General Lu Yung-ting and is reported to agree with him that all of the outstanding problems except the parliamentary issue should be settled directly by the Northern and Southern governments. As for the parliamentary, or constitutional, dispute, it is felt that this matter should be left to the two Parliaments concerned to settle.

All in all, the events of the past days have shown a distinct tendency towards agreement between the various factions of the North and the South on the principle that the country must be united soon; and, in spite of the victory of the Anfu Club in the northern Cabinet question, the decision of the President to take this defeat in the interests of national unity is a sign that the internal peace outlook is growing brighter.

Injunction Is Granted Against Chinese Firm In Trade Mark Action

Mixed Court Gives Judgment Against Concern Which Sold Imitation Handkerchief Packages Of Japanese Origin

Judgment was given in another trade mark infringement case yesterday by the Mixed Court when a perpetual injunction was granted by Assessor Grant Jones and Magistrate Yui against the Dong Tshang-tah hong, restraining the concern from offering for sale a Japanese imitation of a brand of British handkerchiefs.

The defendant firm had tried to shift the liability to the Morimura Trading Company, 8B Kiuklang Road, the Japanese firm from which the handkerchiefs were received.

In giving judgment the Assessor said:

"Plaintiffs are a British company carrying on business in England and other countries as manufacturers of textile products and have a resident representative in China with an office at No. 1a Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Defendants are a Chinese firm engaged in the business of piece goods merchants at No. E 287 Shensi Road, and suit is brought to restrain them, their servants and agents, from selling or offering for sale mercerised handkerchiefs so packed, arranged or contrived as to form a colorable imitation of a similar product of the plaintiffs or as to represent or lead to the belief that such product is the product of the plaintiffs.

"Messrs. Herbert Whitworth, Ltd., have for some years manufactured mercerised handkerchiefs, exported them to China, and sold them in large quantities in Shanghai and other parts of the country. The design and get up appearing on the boxes in which these handkerchiefs are packed consist of a chequered pattern of geometrical figures colored red, blue, green, yellow and white, and in the center a device upon a green ellipsis within a red shield with certain words printed thereon. This design is duly registered in England and the product has always been sold by the plaintiffs in such boxes with the said distinctive design and get up. On June 23 last Mr. MacDonald, the local representative of the plaintiff firm, visited defendants' premises in Shensi Road and there discovered some twenty boxes of the alleged imitation in defendants' showcase. The general appearance of these boxes is in every way similar to that of the boxes in which plaintiffs' product is packed. The geometrical figures, the shield, the ellipsis, their respective positions, dimensions, configurations and colorings are identical. A colorable alteration has been introduced in the gyroscope or 'top' balanced on the first finger of a right hand which constitutes the trade mark; the composite word 'Herwhit' of the original is omitted on the imitation, and the words 'Trade Mark' are inserted on the ellipsis of the latter which do not appear on the former. In all other respects the wording on the shields is identical, with the particularly unpleasant feature that the words and number 'Regd. Trade Mark No. 122172,' that is to say the registered number of plaintiff's trade mark is reproduced on the shield of the imitation.

It appears that five cases of the goods in question were purchased on March 13 last by defendants from a Japanese firm, the Morimura Trading Co., Ltd., of 8B Kiuklang Road, Shanghai. Each case contained three hundred boxes of one dozen handkerchiefs, and of this quantity there remained in the hands of defendants twenty-one boxes only. On being served with the writ, defendants had recourse to the Morimura Trading Co., Ltd., from whom they obtained a document in Chinese, entitled a guarantee bond, in the following terms: 'The undersigned on March 13 last sold to Messrs. Tung Changtai five cases of handkerchiefs, each case containing three hundred doza, and marked Morimura Trading Co., Shanghai. The Company hereby assumes responsibility for any difficulties arising out of the disposal of the goods.

Morimura Trading Co., Ltd.
July 17, 1919.

"On this document defendants relied at the trial to deflect from themselves all liability for their sale of the imitation. It is abundantly clear that they are not entitled to do so. Even if defendants could be held to have been acting in the capacity of agents or servants, on behalf and for the benefit of the Morimura Trading Co., that would be no excuse. The liability of the principal in such a case does not extinguish the liability of the agent. Where more than one person is concerned in the commission of a wrong, the person wronged has his remedy against all or any one or more of them at his choice. Every wrongdoer is liable for the whole damage, and it does not matter whether they acted as between themselves, as equals, or one of them as agent or servant of another. There are no degrees of responsibility, nothing answering to the distinction in criminal law between principals and accessories. It is equally clear that the absence of fraudulent intent is no defence to an application for an injunction by the person whose right has been infringed though it may, as I pointed out in the recent action of A. E. Burkill and Sons v. Shun Tah-chang, save defendants from damage or an account. The reason for this is obvious: for the retailer or distributer continues to propagate, innocently though it may be, the deception which had its source in the guilty mind of the fraudulent manufacturer; and the rule is carried to this extent that relief may be granted even against a person who has in his possession a quantity of goods bearing a spurious trade mark and is not intending to sell them or part with them but to use them for his own consumption. It is sufficient that defendants' disposal of the goods will entail a sufficiently wide distribution of them as to constitute user to the detriment of plaintiff's right.

"A piracy such as is here evident is not merely a wrong done to the proprietary interest of the manufacturer. The function of a trade mark—and the argument applies with equal, if not greater, cogency to the get up—is to give the purchaser a satisfactory assurance of the make and quality of the article he is buying. It is on the faith of the mark being genuine, and representing a quality equal to that which he has previously found a similar mark to indicate, that the purchaser makes his purchase. Imitation of trade marks and similar indicia involves, therefore, a double wrong: the trader whose marks or get up are imitated is or may be injured, and the public are or may be deceived. It is in this latter aspect, that is to say the perpetration of a fraud upon the public, that trade mark law had its birth as well in this as in other countries. And since trade marks are recognised throughout the world and not merely in the manufacturer's own country, as indicative of his goods, so that the subjects of any country are liable to be defrauded by goods bearing an imitation of a foreign trade mark and any manufacturer is liable to suffer by the forgery of his marks abroad, the right of property in a trade mark is not limited by territorial bounds.' It is to the material advantage of the purchasing public in this country that foreign trade marks such as the plaintiffs' and similar indicative symbols, acquired as such by use and reputation, should be protected from imitation; and the owner's right to vindication in these courts is entirely independent of any legislative provision for the registration of his marks.

"There must be a perpetual injunction as prayed, and delivery for destruction of all similar boxes in defendants' possession; with costs as between party and party."

Banvards Again Tonight

The Banvard Musical Comedy Company will show at the Olympic Theater again tonight because the typhoon has delayed coastwise steamers. The company was to leave for Hongkong today but the boat is held over because of the storm. Tonight the company will present a first-part vaudeville program of seven numbers and one act of "The Suffragettes" as the second part.

A capacity house greeted the players last night and the big audience was pleased with the variety show and musical comedy. The vaudeville brought numbers featuring Hazel Boyd, Rylls Barnes, Robert Ryles, Myrtle Dingwall, Willis West, Lillian Franklin and William Horley and Emma Ellsworth and Rose Smith. "The King of Patagonia" was presented after the interval.

Willis West, on behalf of Manager Banvard, thanked the large audience for the splendid reception.

Circus Matinee Today

Bostock's circus has its first matinee today. The performance begins at 5:15 p.m. and children will be admitted at half price. The booking is at Moutrie's.

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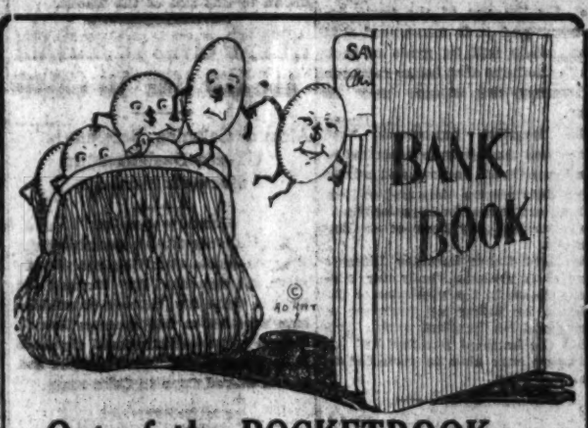

Out of the POCKETBOOK Into the BANK BOOK!

Money carried about in one's POCKET generally gets away—
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LORD MILNER PRAISED FOR WORK IN COLONIES

In Reply To Toast He States Nature Of His Aims In African Districts

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 26.—At the East-African dinner given at the Savoy to-night, Sir Owen Phillips, presiding, proposed the toast of Lord Milner, Secretary of State for the Colonies. He referred to the excellent opportunities existing in East Africa for those with a moderate capital and ability to work.

Lord Milner replying, said he had endeavored to follow in the footsteps of Joseph Chamberlain and had initiated a new system and spirit in the development of the non-self-governing portions of the Empire; a spirit which he hoped would be maintained by his successors. He would keep an open mind and an open ear to the representations of those actually interested and with experience of the countries whose policy was entrusted to his care.

We had hitherto only scratched the fringe of those great non-self-governing territories. We had a fine record for justice and humane government, but we were only at the beginning of the use of their material resources.

The colonial administrator who took his work seriously would have the word "transportation" written on his heart. Efficient transportation on sea and land was the foundation of all great material progress. The development of our colonies was a question of money and men. Wise expenditure on development was not a waste but an economy. The men wanted in colonial administration were men of drive and energy interested in the countries they were going to administer.

Lord Milner paid a tribute to the men in the Colonial Service who stuck to their posts during the war under peculiar hardships. East Africa was an empire in itself. We were holding it under mandate from the great powers, and there was nothing in the condition under which we held this territory opposed to the principles on which the existing Empire was being administered.

We did not desire to see, as a result of the war, a great expansion of British controlled territory. We had to accept it because it was our duty to the world to accept fresh responsibilities with regard to East Africa. His misgivings were small because the extension of territory did not involve any increase of our burden.

News Brevities

The British postmaster desires to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of books, magazines, etc. for the British forces from Mesdames V. Thomas, W. A. Willis, D. D. Ross, Graham, W. McIntosh, A. R. C. Newburgh, F. Lawson, F. D. Northcombe, Rev. C. F. Viking, Capt. E. J. M. Barrett, Messrs. C. A. Howard, F. L. Marshall, H. E. Morriss, P. Kemmer, H. Browett, E. Loureiro, M. Benjamin, R. Calder, Marshall, W. Strom, N. E. B. Ezra, Reiss and Co., British Postal Agent, Tientsin, "M.G.C." and "Anon."

* * *

Mr. W. Fletcher, of the Public Works Department, was among the war service men to return to Shanghai on the P. and O. steamer Nagoya Thursday night. He had served four years in France, was wounded in the arm and bears the Military Medal.

* * *

The Blue Funnel steamer Pyrrhus, carrying many returned soldiers for Shanghai, will not call at this port and passengers for Shanghai will be trans-shipped at Hongkong.

* * *

The Chinese Postal Service opened a new sub-station yesterday opposite the Bubbling Well Police Station.

* * *

Mrs. Edith Thomas, for twelve years matron of the S. M. Police Hospital, left for home Thursday. She has resigned owing to ill health.

* * *

The offices of the Shanghai Marine Underwriters' Association will be closed to public business Monday.

* * *

The Bund station of the United States Post Office will be closed permanantly at noon today and all persons notified that parcel post packages have been received for them are requested to remove them this morning. The parcel post rooms in future will be located at 19 Whangpoo Road.

* * *

Mrs. Sachan, a German woman living in Paoshan, was fined $25 in the Mixed Court yesterday for using threatening and abusive language to Miss E. Kildegard. The case was heard by Russian Assessor Ivanoff and Magistrate Tsang.

* * *

The Swiss community celebrated the national festival yesterday. Many tiffin and dinner parties were held.

New Leader Of French Socialists

Pierre Renaudell

Pierre Renaudell, noted French Socialist, has succeeded Jaures as the leader of the Socialist party of France, according to a report from Paris. Juares, former leader, was killed some time ago, and until the appointment of Renaudell the French Socialists have been without a strong individual party leader.

FIRE BOATS HALT BLAZE IN LARGE CHINESE JUNK

Local Firemen And Customs Float Aid In Stemming Dangerous Fire Off Tong Ka Doo

Effective work by the fire boats of the Shanghai Fire Department and the Customs aided the Nantao department to check a blaze in a Chinese junk off the Chinese Bund which for a time endangered the congested shipping at the junk anchorage.

The fire was discovered shortly after nine o'clock yesterday morning and it was 11:30 o'clock before the flames were extinguished.

When the fire boats arrived, the Nantao firemen were battling the blaze with long lines of hose carried over rafts and junks off Tonk Ka Doo but little progress was being made because of the high wind.

Five streams from the fire boat of the local department and two more from the Customs fire boat Huning, in charge of Captain Myrrhe, the harbor master, and Inspector Mellows of the River Police, brought the fire under control. One-third of the large junk was badly damaged.

PEKING ASKED TO REMIT EXPORT DUTIES ON TEA

Merchants Present Petition Saying High Silver Price Is Causing Losses

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 28.—Owing to the difficulty of selling tea for export, due largely to the high price of silver, the Chinese tea merchants have addressed a petition to the Government in which they request that the export duties on tea be remitted. They state that the present situation in the export tea market is serious and that they cannot maintain their business unless the Government finds some way of helping them.

The matter has been referred to the Ministry of Finance and the Board of Revenue with the recommendation that the duties be remitted if possible. A favorable reply to the petition is expected in the course of a few days.

To Adjust Disputes Of Italy And Greece

Question Concerning Epirus And Asia Minor Will Be Settled Soon

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 26.—A settlement of the differences existing between Italy and Greece concerning the Epirus and Asia Minor is expected shortly.

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RED ROC
The Perfect Water

SITUATION AT KIRIN COMPLICATED BY STRIKE

Peking Is Informed Japanese Are At Bottom Of Trouble In Wire Offices

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, July 28.—Civil Governor Kuo has telegraphed to the Government from Kirin that the railway employes at Kirin station and the employes of the telephone offices, instigated by Japanese and supported by funds from Japanese sources, have gone on strike. The situation is critical, and instructions are requested from the Government as to how to deal with it.

General Pao Kuei-ching, the new Tuchun of Kirin, has in the meantime left Harbin for his new post. He is due in Kirin City some time this week and will take over his duties as Kirin Tuchun after consultation with Meng En-yuan as to the general situation in the province. Meng desired to leave for Peking the end of last week, but fear of General Kao Shih-pin and the necessity of conferring with Pao Kuei-ching have induced him to remain until Pao has arrived in Kirin.

Peking is watching the Kirin situation closely and is especially interested in protecting foreigners and thus avoiding all pretexts for intervention by Japan. Hence the Ministry of War and the General Staff have instructed Pao Kuei-ching to send General Kao Shih-pin's First Kirin Division, which was brought from the interior of the province and massed around Changchun at the time of Tuchun Meng's transfer to Peking, back to its original stations. Bandit activity has broken out in all of the districts vacated by the First Division when it marched to Changchun, and the first duty of the division is now according to Peking military opinion, to put down these brigands and guarantee the safety of foreigners and their property.

Epernay Celebrates Marne Anniversary

(Reuter's Service)

Epernay, July 27.—The anniversary of the second battle of the Marne was imposingly celebrated in the presence of French, British and Italian representatives.

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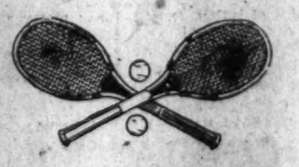

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This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China), Ltd.

By Tad

GEE MADGE HURRY UP THAT OLD CLOCK ON THE TAXI IS TEARING OF THE MINUTES LIKE A MACHINE GUN
D THINK T THIS ES WAS E FOR MADGE - ERFECTLY
OH MADGE YOU'LL FATHER HAS THAT YOUNG MAN OF YOURS IN THE PARLOR AND HES TALKING HIM TO DEATH - I TRIED TO GET HIM AWAY - - HURRY
HOW DO THEY GET THAT WAY?

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TRANS-PACIFIC

SHANGHAI-VANCOUVER

E. of Asia	Aug. 9	E. of Russia	Sept. 6
Monteagle	Aug. 17	E. of Asia	Oct. 4
E. of Japan	Aug. 22		

SHANGHAI-HONGKONG

MONTEAGLE	Aug. 4
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Aug. 12
EMPRESS of RUSSIA (via Manila)	Aug. 22

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METAGAMA	Aug. 14	SCOTIAN	Sept. 6
CORSICAN	Aug. 23	MINNEDOSA	Sept. 9
MELITA	Aug. 29	SCANDINAVIAN	Sept. 11
TUNISIAN	Aug. 28	GRAMPIAN	Sept. 13
METAGAMA	Sept. 14		

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commodation was put forward in all seriousness as a practical proposal. Needless to say, when this suggestion was conveyed to the important business houses interested, it was to a great extent ignored. The attitude of the authorities showed a curious disregard of the interests and prestige of the trading community. Anyone who has experience of the conditions of travel to the Far East knows that accommodation of this character is utterly unsuitable. The Department of Overseas Trade should insist upon some better arrangement. The Department has, it is true, been the means of securing some first class berths, but the long waiting list at every shipping company's office shows that the needs of the business community are very far from being met.

STUDENTS GOING TO U.S. TO MEET THIS MORNING

The first meeting of all the Tsing Hua Students that are going to America this year will be held at 9 o'clock this morning in the Chinese Y.M.C.A.

An information bureau will be formed of the two secretaries of the Class Association of the Tsing Hua 1919 class for service to all students that require any informatoh concerning their going to America. Messrs. Frank C. Cheng and James K. F. Shen will be in their office (Room 407, Boys' Department, the Chinese Y.M.C.A.) every morning from 9 to 10 o'clock.

The following persons or organisations have set their date for bidding farewell to the Tsing Hua "batch" of this year.

The American Consul	Aug. 4.
The Chinese Students' World Federation	Aug. 9.
The Chinese Y.M.C.A.	Aug. 10.

favorable action on it after the formation of a permanent Cabinet. Upon his release Mr. Pang will resume his duties as editor of the Yi Shih Pao.

The censorship restrictions upon the Tientsin edition of the Yi Shih Pao, which resulted in the confiscation of all copies of the paper mailed to Peking and Paotingfu from early in June to the first part of this month, have been removed entirely and the Yi Shih Pao incident may herewith be regarded as closed.

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American Work In Helping Rebuild Devastated France

Under Government Authorities Committee Is Having A Part In Recreating Order In Former War Zone

Paris, June 20.—By agreement with the Services for Repairs and Emergency Needs of the Ministry of Reconstruction we have been given permission to recover wood from the trenches, writes Mrs. Anne M. Dike, describing the work at Blerancourt of the American Committee for Devastated France. This wood was cut chiefly from some of the best specimens of the forests, but after the difficulty to salving came the difficulty of using it to the best possible advantage. To our great satisfaction we were able to find a circular saw, to which we have attached a five horse-power electric plant, which we formerly owned at Blerancourt for our own lighting purposes, and these trunks of trees will soon be split into suitable lengths. By this means we avoid the transportation of wood from other points and having achieved this result so successfully, there is now a question in our mind as to what we might do to utilise the debris and the thousands of kilos of old iron left behind by the armies.

The Regular Procedure

This is the procedure which obtains in all of our repair work. Applications to have repairs made are first sent to the committee; an estimate is then rendered to the Co-operative of the approximate cost of such repairs. We attach to this the Government formula requiring the signature of the applicant, stating his willingness to have the house repaired for the approximate amount stipulated in the estimate and to be charged by the Government against this war indemnity. These two slips sent to the Ministry of Reconstruction, Service of Reparation, are peculiarly efficacious for such villages as Blerancourt, where there is not total destruction. Those houses in Blerancourt which are totally destroyed cannot pass by this Service of Reparation; the proprietor has one of two courses open to him —first, to return to the ruins and live frankly in such improvised shelter as tar paper may afford him from wind or rain, or, secondly, to enter into the service known as the Co-operative for Reconstruction. The purpose of the Co-operative is the reconstruction of homes from the sum total of war indemnities of the proprietors.

Improvise While Repairing

Let us say that in one village the collective war indemnities amount to 1,000,000 francs. The Co-operative for Reconstruction calls an architect and asks for an estimate for the reconstruction of private homes, as well as communal buildings. A law known as the Alignment law has been passed directly affecting reconstruction of villages, which allows the condemning of certain sites detrimental to the general interest of the village or town, and providing opportunity for improvement of street lines and waterways. All reconstruction work will eventually be executed by the Co-operative for Reconstruction when the commune and proprietors are assured of the percentage of war indemnities to be granted. One of our villages is St. Paul-aux-Bois, which is totally destroyed. The reconstruction of such a village is for the moment out of the question; therefore, the inhabitants are either compelled to live in improvised shelter or dugouts or former barracks, or to apply to the Government for new barracks, which, owing to delays in transport and the difficulty of obtaining the same, are not yet forthcoming. It will be interesting to watch the future of our workroom and the development of our plan to produce in the devastated area either hollow bricks or hollow cement blocks, and to see how large a part our plan will play in the reconstruction of the country.

America Supplies Seed

I do not know what we would have done if you had not so generously responded to our appeal for seeds. Your response has enabled us to answer one of the most urgent appeals made this year. The returning peasant is appalled at the cost of living and very promptly sets to work in his garden, and the production of vegetables is of uppermost importance. In every one of our villages seeds have been distributed. The Government had already foreseen this necessity and had prepared packets of seeds for distribution on a large scale, but owing to delays these packages have not yet arrived and, therefore, we had again the privilege of meeting one of the most vital problems in this area.

Every effort is being made to plough land for potatoes, but to plough land one must have horses or tractors, and if these farmers buy horses where are they going to find land whereon to cultivate fodder? One proprietor who owns 1,500 acres told us yesterday that on his property there is an unexploded shell for every square meter of land. We are making every effort to secure potatoes for planting and have already transported three carloads to Blerancourt and Vic-sur-Aisne. Last spring this committee planted about 6,000 kilos of potatoes at Coyolles just after the first offensive. In the autumn, after the retreat of the Germans, we arranged to have the potatoes harvested and were fortunate enough to have a crop of 10,000 kilos, 5,000 of which we have given to the commune of Camelin, with the understanding that the potatoes are gratis, but that one-fifth of every man's crop is to be given back to the American Committee in order that we may have a supply of potatoes to distribute to the less fortunate who will be returning at that time.

Suspicions Of Machinery

We purchased four Cleveland tractors and sent them immediately to Soissons. On their arrival there the peasants were extremely suspicious of them, just as they were of the Planets which we imported last year from America. We immediately organised a demonstration, however, and the results were so convincing that interest in the tractors and approval of them grew by leaps and bounds and demands were received for between thirty and forty tractors to be delivered in that region. We at once put a former agent for agricultural machines in that region into relation with the company who furnished these tractors to our committee, we withdrawing from the commercial field and enabling him thereby to secure complete control of the sale of the tractors in that region and to establish for himself a livelihood. Two of these tractors we are reserving for the Farmers' Co-operative of Blerancourt and Camelin for the purpose of opening for a few hours each day a school for farmers to learn how to handle them.

Need Farm Schools

In this connection the American Committee has had a very definite appeal made to it by the Government, asking us to establish an agricultural school and demonstration farm to prevent the inevitable exodus into industrial centers of the young orphans, thus depriving this rich agricultural region of future farm labor.

Another question that is asked is; do we duplicate work and do we co-operate with other organisations in this field? It was in order to avoid duplication of work that the French Government assigned certain sectors to organisations in the field. The only other organisation with whom we come in contact is the Aisne Devastee. This society is composed of wealthy proprietors of the devastated district of the Aisne. As a whole, during the winter of 1917-1918, they confined their efforts chiefly to the relief of Aisne refugees in the interior. After the armistice it became perfectly apparent and quite natural that each proprietor member would interest himself chiefly in his own small commune. This left large spaces of the Aisne not covered and it was for the purpose of covering these sectors by organisations of philanthropy that a meeting was called, if you will remember, on November 28.

Replace Former Leaders

It so happens that in the cantons of Coucy-le-Chateau, Vic-sur-Aisne, and Soissons, only one member of the Aisne Devastee has any active interest; this is Mme. Firino, the wife of the Conseillor-General of the district. It is natural that she wishes to assume the responsibility for seven villages in the canton, but no more. Mme. Firino has not yet been able to take up her abode in her own village, and in the meantime she has asked the American Committee to continue the work of relief in her villages until she has returned. She has also asked the American Committee to continue its agricultural and medical work indefinitely, as she does not feel that she is able to assume that herself. We are looking forward to the day, however, when Mme. Firino will, by her presence, take a representative place in these villages. You can readily understand that since the war there are many proprietors who will never return and whose loss in the community will be greatly felt. The great value of the American Committee in these three cantons lies in the fact that we replace the personalities of initiatives who formerly led the country in its own interests.

In Long Suspense

The burden of suspense and anxiety carried by these people, while they are waiting for the big question of war indemnities to be settled and the reopening of agricultural and industrial life, is stupendous. They are like lost children, their landmarks have disappeared and they are dejected by the fear and tragedy of the last four years. But the most pitiful cases perhaps of all are those who have come back to French soil after the armistice, with their story of four years of slavery, four years during which all independence of speech and action was denied them, and during which these industrious people were deprived of the right of earning one honest penny. The fact that we are still discussing the preliminaries of peace must give even the most ignorant of us some idea of the stupendous problem to be solved by French statesmen and by the greatest men of the Allied nations.

Paris and the interior of France have resumed fairly normal conditions. It is in the devastated region that you see the real victims of the war and yet one never hears a whine, a complaint, or a whimper from the smallest child deprived of his toy, to the octogenarian without a bed. To this returning population of very old and very young, of demobilised soldiers, who have so bravely defended this very soil and who valiantly step into these conditions and start clearing away explosives from a tiny garden because of their inherent love for their soil and their family, to them help must be given and slowly this wonderful nation will restore order, slowly they will move forward and just as surely will America awaken to the fact that she too must play the game in restoring order on the soil which we too helped to defend.

PERSHING GETS TRIBUTE FROM FRENCH FRIENDS

American Commander Receives Souvenir From Committee Of Franco-Americans

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 28.—A Franco-American Committee in Paris has presented to General Pershing a very artistic souvenir as a tribute from his French friends.

General Pershing said the American soldiers were proud to have fought beside their French comrades and that the friendship between the two nations will endure.

Today's Cricket

Two cricket matches are carded for today.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon the Shanghai Cricket Club first eleven will meet a combined team representing the navy and police. The match will be played on the S.C.C. ground and the following will represent the Club:

S. C. C. Team—W. C. G. Clifford, W. N. Hansell, J. M. Pearson, C. E. M. Thomson, S. J. Deeks, A. W. Hayward, W. S. Read, E. W. Stagg (Capt.), R. Grimshaw, C. Knight and R. J. Tippin. Reserve, D. Yates.

S. C. C. 2nd XI vs. Parsees

The S. C. C. 2nd XI meets the Parsee Cricket Club on the Police ground at 2:30 p.m. The teams will be as follows:

S. C. C. 2nd XI—E. G. Barnes, G. H. G. Caulton, W. O. Lancaster, N. Tweedlie, R. Bauld, H. Langley, E. G. Norman, W. J. Monk (Capt.), D. H. Cooke, A. H. Leslie and K. W. Tribe.

Reserves—H. S. Wavell and G. W. Chandler.

Parsees—C. H. Bhoora, E. D. Damri, M. D. Daji, H. Eduljee, M. H. Kavarana, R. H. Ragi (Capt.), C. B. Sethna, R. F. Shroff, S. F. Shroff, B. D. Tata and R. Viccajee.

Reserves—K. C. Sarkari and V. Viccajee.

Shanghai Rifle Association

The July competition of the Shanghai Rifle Association took place Thursday from 6 to 8:30 a.m. and from 5 to 7 p.m., conditions being Bisley targets at 300 yards, one sighting and ten scoring shots. The weather conditions were not good; although the light was bright there was a strong wind blowing "Fish Tail." There were fifty competitors. The following were the five best scores in each class:

"A" 1. Class

W. T. Rose	46	(a)
F. W. Snape	44	
O. L. Ibert	44	
C. Luthy	44	
A. M. Collaco	42	

"A" Class

F. Bonichi	43	(a)
R. I. Ito	43	
H. F. Cranfield	42	
R. F. Wilner	41	
C. E. M. Thomson	42	

"B" Class

H. W. Lambert	43	(b)
A. L. Mottu	43	
G. V. Jansen	40	
E. Fasting	40	
J. Johansson	40	

"C" Class

A. S. Goldsmith	42	(a)
C. P. Grant	40	
H. Bone	38	
C. L. Boynton	37	
H. Noisshiki	36	

"D" Class

H. Tobias	42	(a)
H. J. Barnes	40	
L. G. Canda	37	
K. Yamanaka	36	
J. Bartolini	35	

(a) Winner of spoon and first leg on cup.

(b) Winner of spoon and second leg on cup.

Baseball Today

Shanghai baseball followers will get their first chance to view the nine from the U. S. S. Albany this afternoon when the cruiser team and Shanghai hook up at the Race Course at 3 o'clock. Scott and Bradley will be the battery for Shanghai. The same teams will meet again tomorrow.

YACHT RACE TODAY

The Shanghai Yacht Club will hold an ordinary race today, first gun at 2:15 p.m. The course is down river, as you please, round Tungkow Buoy to port and return to finish at Starting Line.

The second Challenge Cup race will be held tomorrow, first gun 8:55 a.m.

IF YOU CANNOT EAT

this weather try Pinkettes, the dainty little gentle-as-nature regulators for the liver and bowels.

PINKETTES

dispel constipation, promote daily regularity, cure biliousness, sick headaches, torpid liver, pimples, coated tongue, ill-smelling breath. Of chemists everywhere or 60 cents the vial, post free, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Music For Today

Two performances by the Public Band will, weather permitting, be given today, programs as follows:

(a) in the Public Recreation Ground at 5:30 p.m.:

1. March—Liberty for All. Francis
2. Overture—Diovane d'Arco. Verdi
3. Waltz—Toujours et encore Lemethe
4. Selection—Maid Marian de Keven
5. (a) Song—Poor Butterfly Hiebell
   (b) Serenade ..... Czerwonky
6. Selection—The Grass Widow Hirsch

(b) in the Public Garden at 9 p.m.:

1. March—Preparedness ..... Deire
2. Overture—La Reine d'un Jour Adam
3. Waltz—Valse Blue ..... Margis
4. Selection—Offenbachiana Meyrelles
5. (a) Gavotte—Moonbeams. Cobb
   (b) Serenade ..... Meskewsky
6. Waltz—The Call of the Woods Tyers
7. (a) Fox Trot—My Girl of the Southland ..... Brown
   (b) One Step—Somewhere in France is the Lily ..Noward
8. Selection—By the Mississippi Knowles

A. de Kryger,
Conductor-in-Charge.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 26.—Cricket:

Yorkshire beat Gloucestershire by an inning and 125 runs.

Kent beat Surrey by 136 runs.

Nottinghamshire versus Australians drawn.

Essex versus Hampshire drawn.

Lancashire beat Warwickshire by an innings and 44 runs.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is particularly a preparation for Infants and Children made agreeable to the taste, acceptable to the stomach and pleasant in its action. It has been in use for over thirty years and has always been one of the most highly esteemed of all cathartic preparations. It has one great advantage over other preparations of its kind in that while it opens the organs readily and completely, it does not have a tendency to produce subsequent constipation so much to be dreaded.

It was only after years of research in the fields of herbs and roots for a combination of purely vegetable matter that would have all the virtues of Castor Oil, without its disagreeable, nauseating properties, especially when used for infants or children, that the formula used in Fletcher's Castoria was found, and which for over 30 years has proven its worth. Try it.

Sah ve'e Babies.

Infantry mortality is something frightful. We can hardly realise that of all the children born in civilised countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one quarter die before they reach one year, thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen! We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestion, sickness, death. To avoid any possibility of giving your child opiates, or narcotics of any kind, keep Fletcher's Castoria in the house, and Save the Babies.

The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

C.&B. ENGLISH SOUPS

30 Varieties — All Delicious

Economical

Made in a Minute

The Cuisine of one of the finest chefs in the world available for your table.

By Royal Appointment

Crosse & Blackwell Guarantee

these Soups to be made under ideal conditions, as are all their table delicacies.

AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

IT IS HOT IN SHANGHAI

AND WE ARE THIRSTY FOR BUSINESS!

In order to introduce to you our new store, and to make your visit worth while in this hot weather, we are preparing some wonderfully surprising bargains to offer you, these including besides our regular variety of seasonable goods, a recently arrived consignment from New York, received with instructions to sell almost at cost.

Below are a few items;

Ladies White Cotton stockings 3 pr.	$1.00
Ladies' White Silk stockings 1 pr.	0.80
Ladies' and Children's Middies from	1.25

Table cloth Damask 58" 64" 72" wide, 95cts. 1.30 and 2.00 per yard.
Napkins to suit from 2.95 to 5.25 per dozen.

Night dresses lace and ribbon trimmed	1.90 each
Under skirts lace and ribbon trimmed	1.15 each
Knickers lace and ribbon trimed	1.20 each
Camisoles lace and ribbon trimmed	0.70 each
Ribbed vests 3 pces	1.00 each
Ribbed combinations 1 pce.	0.80 each
Handkerchiefs 1 dozen.	0.85 each
Embroidered Handkerchiefs 1 dozen	0.85 each
Rubber sponges, 15, 25 and 35 cts. for 2 pcs.	
Men's silk socks,	0.75 a pr.
Men's shirts, 1.00, 1.50 and 2.00 each	

Lots of haberdashery, notions, lace and ribbons at extremely low prices.

I. CANTOROVICH

23 Nanking Road

24732

Cook by Electricity

WHY?

BECAUSE IT IS CLEAN

In electric cooking there is no fire, consequently there is no somke, no soot, no gases are given off.

No flues to clean, no matches scattered about the floor.

Electric Cooking is clean Cooking.

Electric Cookers may be hired from:

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

PHONE WEST 189

FORD HIRE SERVICE

Oriental Motor Company

77 ROUTE VALLON

If You Want MILEAGE

Firestone

Non-Skid is the Answer

Mileage

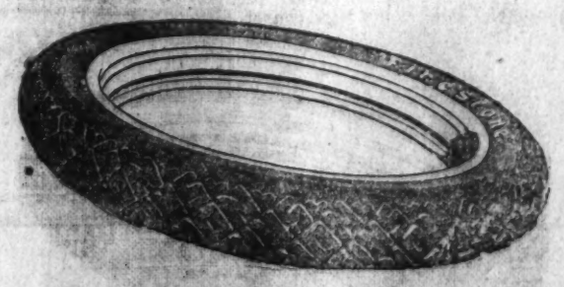
Firestone factories are always working *ahead of the times*, never satisfied with even Firestone's best. Unusual freedom from tyre trouble, more comfort and easier riding are all part of this new improved tyre.

***MORE* Mileage**

In Firestone Tyres there is an extra amount of cushion stock and more rubber between fabric layers. This means greater wear resistance, as each layer is protected imfrointernal friction.

***MOST* Mileage**

Performance is proving the superiority of Firestone Tyres *at every point*, making your shilling go farther, because your tyres run longer by miles—and *Miles*—and *MILES*.



For particulars, apply to

THE CENTRAL GARAGE Co.

a2, Jinkee Road Phone: Central 3809

Soochow Summer Normal School

(*China Press Correspondence*)

Soochow, July 31.—A Summer Normal has now been held in Soochow at Soochow University and Laura Haygood Normal School for the past six years consecutively. The interest has been well sustained and the numbers have been gradually increasing from year to year, so that this seems to promise a permanent feature of the training of the primary teachers in this portion of the country. Up to the present it has been confined to the primary grades of teachers, but it is hoped by those who are interested in the development of the school that it will soon be able to include not only this grade of teachers, but also the Middle School teachers as well as the Kindergarten teachers.

The school this Summer was the result of the cooperation of the interdenominational Committee for the Summer Conferences for Preachers, Teachers and Sunday School Workers. Dr. Cline was chairman of the Committee and he was assisted by Dr. Webster of the Baptist College, Miss Hackney of Laura Haygood Normal, Mr. Gee of Soochow University, and Mr. Tsiang, who has been closely associated with the schools for the last several years. Mr. Espey did much to forward the interest of the school but was unfortunately unable to be with it this year on account of sickness. The business has been faithfully handled by Mr. Lea and Mr. Tsu.

The following courses were given:

Hand Work by Mr. Tsoen of Laura Haygood Normal School.

Physical Education by Mr. Loh of the Nanking Higher Normal.

Teaching of Chinese for Primary (Lower) by Mr. Woo of the Soochow Normal School.

Teaching of Chinese for Higher Primary by Mr. Waung of Shanghai.

Group Teaching by Mr. Tai of the Commercial Press Practice School.

Bible Teaching by Pastor Li of Soochow.

Nature Study by Mr. Wu Chen-fu of Soochow University.

There were regular periods for discussion and these were led by Mr. Tsiang of Shanghai and Mr. Tsoen of Laura Haygood Normal School, Soochow.

One feature of the work was that there was in most of the classes a good deal of practice teaching. Another year even more of this and a longer time for the school may be valuable additions. In the afternoons there were often public lectures, the following being the ones this year:

Industrial Education by a graduate from a school in Belgium.

Practical Hygiene by Dr. Park of Soochow Hospital.

Practical Psychology by Mr. Yang of the Soochow Normal School, Soochow.

The Ideal Family by Mr. Yang of the Women's Normal School, Soochow.

Importance of the Primary Schools by Dr. Webster.

There were teachers from the following Missions as indicated:

	Men	Women	Total
Seventh Day Baptists ...	0	1	1
London Mission	3	0	3
China Inland Mission ...	5	3	8
Episcopal Mission	1	10	11
Southern Baptist Mission	1	4	5
Northern Baptist Mission	10	8	18
Northern Methodist	0	4	4
Southern Methodist	28	25	53
Southern Presbyterian ...	14	12	26
Northern Presbyterian ...	28	9	37
Grand Totals	90	76	166

The registrations ran over two hundred but quite a number were kept away by the high water.

The Normal was made possible by the gift of funds from Mr. Blackstone of Nanking to help finance the gathering, for a portion of the travel was paid for all who attended.

At the close of the school a meeting of the Committee was held and a number of suggestions were passed on to the Committee which will have this in charge another year.

French Aviatrix Nears Record Of Ruth Law

Baroness La Roche

A new altitude record for women aviators was made recently at Iss-les-Moulineaux, when Baroness La Roche ascended to a height of 12,869 feet, according to a report from Paris. Miss Ruth Law, when informed of the altitude flight of Baroness La Roche, declared that she had reached the height of 14,000 feet in a flight at Peoria, Ill., in September, 1917.

BRITISH IMPORT POLICY TO BE DEFINED LATER

Purposes Of Measure Stated In Commons By Sir Auckland Geddes

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, July 28.—Sir Auckland Geddes said in the House of Commons today he was not yet in a position to state the Government's policy concerning imports after September 1, when the present restrictions expire, but if the restrictions continued after that date the amount allowed to be imported between September 1 and December 31 would not be less than the amount allowed at present.

JAPANESE RAIL WORK IN HONAN RESENTED

More Telegrams Of Protest Received At Peking From Provincial Assembly

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, July 28.—In connection with the proposed arrangement that Japanese interests construct the Kuanyintang-Tungkuan section of the Tung-Lo Railway in Honan, the Government is in receipt of further telegrams of protest from the Honan Provincial Assembly and Tuchun Chao Ti. Both messages state that the people of Honan province are greatly excited over the plan to permit the Japanese to construct a part of the line and request the Government to forestall the inevitable popular opposition by settling the matter in a manner favorable to China with the Japanese Legation in Peking.

Passengers Departed

Per R. V. F. s.s. Saratov for Marseilles: Messrs. Rostamashvilli, Havtasi, Cheng, Pepinsky, Miss Kurelschikoff, Mr. and Mrs. Rizzo, Mrs. Linde, Miss Dezak, Messrs. Kleiman, Morovsky, Armitano; for Port Said: Mr. Gruenberg; for Singapore: Messrs. Chebanoff, Perraud.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Awa Maru for London: Miss Bollean, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. A. Paton and 4 children, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. King, and 2 children, Messrs. A. Verricer, S. Ilsan.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru for Japan: Mr. and Mrs. Setoyama, Mrs. Haas, Mrs. N. Inwood, Mrs. Dorval, Mrs. H. M. Holliday, Mr. and Mrs. Sonomura and child, Mr. and Mrs. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. Rocher, Mr. and Mrs. J. Schmidt, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. W. Goodfellow, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Goodfellow, Misses L. Cokes, A. Reid, M. Boyd, A. Tsiang, M. and W. Stone, Messrs. C. and M. Haas, Tabaka, Nozaki, G. E. Brown, W. Cliff, W. Spark, F. Shapley, MacGregor, J. B. Jones, J. Albeck, Selth I. Padva, Guignard, G. R. Arthur, T. Brownlie, Takahashi, Mizashi.

Passengers Arrived

Per P. and O. s.s. Nagoya from London: Lieut. and Mrs. W. T. Hodge, Surg. Lt. Cannok, Art. Eng. Pearson, Sub. Lieuts. Woodhall, Woodroffe, Cooper, Lieut. J. Chambers, Capt. and Mrs. Kent, 2-Lt. and Mrs. Lacon, Sergt. Gabbuit, Sergt. and Mrs. Cameron and infant, L. Corpl. Cleeny, Sergt. Condiut, Private Fletcher, Corpl. and Mrs. Houghton, Miss Houghton, Bombr. and Mrs. Sall, Capt. Dorey, Private Everson, Bomdr. and Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Kirkpartrick, 2 boys and nurse Miss Gee, Col. and Mrs. Hayley Bell, 3 children, infant and nurse Miss Day, Driver L. Kennedy, Messrs. R. R. Bannett, A. G. Brenchley, A. E. Russell, L. C. Boyd; from Bombay: Messrs. N. Kasaninor, R. Thomson; from Penang: Mr. and Mrs. Allen and child; from Singapore: Mr. and Mrs. Goodyear; from Hongkong: Sergt. Rooney, Miss G. C. Lindh, Mr. M. St. C. and Miss E. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. L. Coma, Capt. B. W. Pritchard, Mrs. C. B. Robertson, Misses S. P. Wheeler, A. Warrell, Messrs. A. Yager, M. S. M. Scott, A. R., R. S. N. Narshall E. E., Ovens, H. Small, H. G. Smith, L. Wilkes, G. Barker, B. Firth, 57 Naval Ratings and 40 military Details; through passengers from London to Yokohama: Private C. E. Fox, 2-Lt. Fisher; from Marseilles to Yokohama: Mr. D'Arcy Weatherbe; from Singapore to Yokohama: Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Husey and 3 children.

Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk from Vladivostok and Nagasaki: Mesdames Barness, Peers, Body, Duck, Sarycheff, Bidrjevsky, Dudek, Jiro, Grandamanon, Burnyar, Messrs. Highfield, Johnsen, Hentlin, Berward, Horley, Gentiler, Kelley, Hess, Davis, Smith McFalland, Steward, Jons, Klady, Karmen, Hugh, Natzvaloff, Gernovsky, Meris, Shapiro, Rustapen, Pesonen, Galit, Dzekat, Saposhnikoff, Yalimsky, Greenberg, Harlet, Piatoff Shmidt, Isakovitch, Sulivan, Hadsota, Shultles, Pashrol, Malozemoff Pogrebetsky, Wellfall, McKay, Anderson, Gerald, Aitakin, Hellert, Aitonaitis, Galet, Linon, Tonas, Millard Josey, Nakomura.

Per N. S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo: Messrs. W. S. Schlueted, C. H. Tricker, Misses E. Rohled, J. Hughes, Morris.

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung from Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Watson.

Per C. N. s.s. Chenan from Tsingtau: Misses Dawe, Stirling, Mr. and Mrs. Katz, Mstr. Alferd, Morris, Erick Katz, Misses Volofuff, Stekurl, Lily, and Anne Katz.

Per C.M. s.s. Hwahta from Chinkiang: Mr. Bye.

NOTICE TO EXPORTERS

We beg to inform Exporters of China Egg Products that we are manufacturing and selling all kinds of LIQUID, DRIED AND SPRAYED WHOLE EGG, YOLK AND ALBUMEN.

Our goods are manufactured by the most up-to-date process; our machines are the newest imported from America, and our outputs are supervised by the best EXPERTS.

Any inquiry will have our immediate attention.

Address: 8b Kiangse Road, and Q489 Tientsin Road, Shanghai.

Telephone: Central Nos. 2385 and 4008.

H. C. WANG

General Manager: Tung Hsin Ziang Egg Factories, Hung Yue Chang Egg Factory, Hsin Chong.

From Every Standpoint of Service and Cost

Certain-teed Roofing

has proved its claim—"The best type of roof for most buildings, and the best quality roofing of its type."

Its efficiency embraces every important roofing quality—weather proof, spark proof, rust and rot proof, clean and sanitary and very durable. CERTAIN-TEED is not affected by acids, fumes or smoke, and does not melt under the hottest sun.

It pays to get CERTAIN-TEED because it costs no more than ordinary roofing and lasts much longer. Samples and specifications furnished free on application.

We have trained crews for Built-up roof construction in Shanghai and at the principal outports.

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

BUILDING DIVISION, SHANGHAI.

6 Yuen Ming Yuen Road — Phone, Central 778

BRANCHES

Peking, Tsinan, Tientsin, Hankow, Canton, Hongkong, Vladivostock, Urga, Kalgan, Changsha, Harbin, Yunnanfu.

(14)

CAFE PARISIEN

A SPECIAL DINNER DANCE

WILL BE SERVED

TONIGHT TONIGHT

SUPPER À LA CARTE

UNTIL 2 A.M.

CHICKEN À LA KING

A Speciality

'STRIKE LUCKY! HIT HAPPY!

ON THE DANCE FLOOR OF THE

PARISIEN

ORCHESTRA UNDER DIRECTION OF

HARRY KERREY

25 Avenue Edouard VII. Telephone: Central 1915

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1919

Loss of Bank Deposit Books

The public is hereby notified that Bank Deposit books (隨時存摺) No. 210, in taels account, and No. 280 in dollars account, of The National Commercial Bank, under the name of K. S. Wang (王小徵) have been stolen. Notice has been sent to the bank and the above-mentioned books have been rendered void.

K. S. WANG.

24766

LOST

A Bank Order, No. 7515, of Tze Chen Bank, (志誠莊) for Taels 33.00, due on 7th day of 7th moon. The public are hereby warned against accepting the said Order, as it has been nullified.

KOO WAN-PONG,
顧文邦

Shanghai, August 1st, 1919.

NOTICE

By a resolution passed by the requisite majority of the stockholders of the

CHINA & JAPAN TRADING CO., LD.

at a special meeting held at the Company's Head Office in New York City, U.S.A., such resolution having been duly filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of New York, it was resolved that as the business of the Company had been extended to new territories the name be changed to

CHINA, JAPAN & SOUTH AMERICA TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

In pursuance of the above the business of the Company will in future be carried on at New York, Shanghai and other branches under the new name of

CHINA, JAPAN & SOUTH AMERICA TRADING CO., LIMITED.

J. T. DISSELDUFF,
Manager.

Shanghai, 31st July, 1919.

24743

The Yangtsze Insurance Association, Limited

NOTICE.

A circular letter has been posted to all shareholders informing them that the recently declared bonus of $40 per share has been applied in payment of the call of $40 per share made on the same date.

All shares of the Association are now fully paid up and shareholders are requested to send their share certificates to the Association's Head Office, No. 26, The Bund, Shanghai, so that they may be endorsed to that effect.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
T. A. CLARK,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 31st July, 1919.

24740

CODES FOR SALE

Small lot, consists of A.B.C., 5th Edition, $21.00; improved $28.00; Western Union $26.00; Lieber's Five Letter $22.00; Broomhall's $38.00. Apply to Box 163, THE CHINA PRESS.

24747

NOTICE

We have opened our offices as Merchants and Commission Agents at 9 Hankow Road, from this day.

UMRIGAR BROS.

1st August, 1919.

24737

NOTICE

We beg to announce that we have opened a branch of our Office at 9A Kiangse Road.

Mr. Joaquim M. C. de Sousa has this date assumed charge of our Shanghai Office, and will sign the firm per procuration.

DE SOUSA & CO.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1919.

24755

Municipal Notification

No. 2639.

In view of the prevalence of CHOLERAIC DIARRHOEA the public is requested to observe carefully the provisions of the PUBLIC HEALTH NOTICE, a copy of which, in English and Chinese, may be obtained from the Health Office.

Particular attention is directed to the rules regarding food, the shortest summary of which is:—*"Eat and drink nothing that has not been recently cooked or otherwise sterilised."*

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary

Council Room,
Shanghai, July 30, 1919.

24755

Municipal Notification

No. 2637.

Debenture Certificates

NOTICE is hereby given that Debentures in the 7 per cent Municipal Loan of 1919 are issued subject to the following conditions which appear endorsed upon the Debenture Certificates:—

1.—A Register of the Debentures will be kept at the Finance Department of the Council at Shanghai wherein there will be entered the names, addresses and descriptions of the registered holders and particulars of the debentures held by them respectively.

2.—The registered holder will be regarded as exclusively entitled to the benefit of this debenture, and all persons may act accordingly, and the Council shall not be bound to enter in the Register notice of any trust or to recognize any right in any other person save as herein provided.

3.—Every transfer of this debenture must be in writing under the hand of the registered holder or his legal personal representative. The transfer must be delivered at the Finance Department of the Council with such evidence of identity or title as the Council may reasonably require, and thereupon the transfer will be registered.

4.—In the case of joint registered holders the principal moneys and interest hereby secured shall be deemed to be owing to them upon a joint account.

5.—No transfer will be registered during a period not exceeding twenty days immediately preceding each of the days by this debenture fixed for payment of interest.

6.—The principal moneys and interest hereby secured will be paid without regard to any equities between the Council and the original or any intermediate holder hereof and the receipt of the registered holder for such principal moneys and interest shall be a good discharge to the Council.

7.—The principal moneys and interest hereby secured will be paid at the Shanghai Office of the Council's Bankers or at the Finance Department of the Council.

8.—A notice may be served by the Council upon the holder of this debenture by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to such person at his registered address: any change in such address must be notified in writing to the Finance Department of the Council.

9.—Any notice served by post shall be deemed to have been served at the expiration of twenty-four hours after it is posted and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into the Post Office.

Notice is hereby also given that on and after August 1 transfers of debentures in any Municipal Loan issue must be effected by means of the transfer forms which may be obtained on application to the Municipal Treasurer, Finance Department, 248 Kiangse Road. Transfers will be registered free of cost.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, July 29, 1919.

24701

The busy man who lives fast but should try

SULLIVAN'S for LUNCH

11.30 until 2 p.m. (excepting Sunday)
SULLIVAN'S CANDY STORE,
Nanking Road.

NOTICE

The China Garage Company have purchased from the Klauber Trading Corporation their stock of Motor Cars, Trucks, Cycles and Accessories now at No. 21 Foochow Road, and will from the 1st August, 1919, carry on the business of a Garage and Motor Engineers at that address.

Mr. P. H. Neubourg has been appointed Manager of the firm.

THE CHINA GARAGE CO.

24761

NOTICE

We have sold our whole stock of Motor Cars, Trucks, Cycles and Accessories at our premises No. 21 Foochow Road to The China Garage Company, who will from this day occupy these premises.

THE KLAUBER TRADING CORPORATION.

Dated 1st August, 1919.

24761

NOTICE

The partnership existing between MESSRS. LAFUENTE and WOOTTEN, Architects, has from the 31st day of July been mutually dissolved.

All accounts against the said firm should be presented to A. Lafuente at the Union Building, No. 4 The Bund, where he will continue the practice.

A. LAFUENTE,
G. O. WOOTTEN.

Shanghai, 31st July, 1919.

24719

National Aniline and Chemical Company, Incorporation

Mr. Edward Storm Bull has this day assumed charge of our local offices and agencies as Manager for China, and will sign the firm per procuration.

All communications relative to the business of the firm should be addressed to the Manager, 14 Canton Road.

National Aniline & Chemical Co., Inc.

per pro. F. W. ASHURST,
Travelling Representative.

24707

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Foreign Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Monday, the 4th August on account of Autumn Holiday.

24733

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

K. H. SCHEN & CO. have removed their offices to No. 56 Kiangse Road—corner of Peking and Kiangse Roads.

24734

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1468

WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK?

Here is a portable typewriter of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; yet stands only 6⅝-in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models, in fact, a great little machine. Two colour ribbon, back-spacer, easy removal of type-bars, etc.

FOR

Mex. $75.00

Complete with Carrying Case and

A ONE-YEAR GUARANTEE

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4775 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add. Mackbauch

Stewart Motor-Driven

WARNING SIGNAL

Not an "electric horn" with only a common vibrator, but a WARNING SIGNAL with a REAL MOTOR and a big push button that can be operated by the slightest touch of the hand, arm.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

MISCELLANEOUS

TABLES of taels into dollars, $1.00 a copy. Any number to be sold. Apply to Henry Teng, experienced language teacher, 125 Cunningham Road.

24765

WANTED to rent, a small detached building in the International Settlement, suitable for a small factory. Apply to Box 137, THE CHINA PRESS.

24753

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED, thoroughly competent and reliable house coolie, also amah about 40, for lady living alone. Newly furnished home. Apply to Box 146, THE CHINA PRESS.

24695 A. 3

COMPRADORE WANTED for an established import and export firm with first-class connections abroad. We are also prepared to entertain partnership proposition. Good opportunity for an energetic young man to enter into business life. Capital not necessarily very large. Applications in strict confidence giving full particulars to Box 131, THE CHINA PRESS.

24659 A.2

WANTED: Capable stenographers for Hankow and Harbin offices of a large American importing and exporting firm. Apply to Box 129, THE CHINA PRESS.

24653 A. 2

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, small, furnished house Hongkew district. Apply to Box 167, THE CHINA PRESS.

24771

ADVERTISER wishes the gentleman (missionary, living at Quinsan Road (?) who wishes to rent the house on Haining Road, west of Honan Road, will come immediately to the above.

24767

TO LET, comfortable furnished flat of four rooms, bathroom, kitchen, facing south, suitable for married couple with no children. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

24769 A. 3

TO LET, 6 Wayside Road, excellent six-roomed corner house, near trams. Rent Tls. 60. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24746

TO LET, 20 Yates Road, detached eight-roomed residence, tennis, garage, stabling. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24749

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24750

APARTMENTS

Connaught House

8 Quinsan Gardens

TO LET

from 1st August, one large and one small front room, with board. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET

From July 18th, one large front room, with verandah and bathroom, facing the Park, very cool in summer; and also one small room. Apply to Mrs. Weinstock, 15 Quinsan Gardens, Tel. North 482.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished front room, with open verandah and private bathroom attached. Facing south. All modern comforts, telephone, garage, stabling and tennis. Apply to Box 463, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, well furnished rooms in Western district, opposite Race Course. Apply 78, Bubbling Well. Phone West 1473.

24710 A 6

TO LET, by private American family, furnished room with board, Wayside District, near trams. Apply to Box 148, THE CHINA PRESS.

24703 A. 2

TO LET, with board, in Western district, large furnished bedroom with verandah, facing south, and modern bathroom attached, in private family. Apply to Box 147, THE CHINA PRESS.

24698 A. 3

TO LET, by family, newly furnished large rooms, with board and all comforts, suitable for married couple, two friends, or bachelor. Please apply 5 Young Allen Terrace, vicinity of Quinsan Garden.

24605 A.5

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED in Western district or French Settlement, from August, September or October, for 8 to 9 months, a furnished house with 7 or 8 rooms and garden. N. O. Liddell, S.M.C., Secretariat.

24752

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED, general office man, with knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting, by American export concern. Apply to Box 168, THE CHINA PRESS.

24773 A. 6

COMPRADORE wanted by an American company dealing in cigarettes. Reply, with full particulars, to Box 162, THE CHINA PRESS.

24745 A.3

WANTED, a Chinese Customs clerk, with knowledge of import and export Customs work. Apply to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.

24756

WANTED, competent stenographer for a large American firm. In reply state experience and salary desired. Apply to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.

24711 A 5

WANTED, capable Chinese translator, Chinese-English, English-Chinese. One able to assist in secretarial work and bookkeeping. Apply in own handwriting only to Box 155, THE CHINA PRESS.

24716 A 2

ENGINEERS WANTED for M. S. "Wergeland" bound for Europe. Apply to Struthers and Dixon Inc., No. 7 Jinkee Road.

24718 A 5

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 14

SITUATION WANTED

POSITION wanted by an efficient Chinese stenotypist who has excellent knowledge of English and is capable of handling correspondence and assuming responsibility. Highest references. Please apply to Box 164, THE CHINA PRESS.

24768 A. 2

WANTED by a schoolboy (Eurasian), fresh from school, 16 years of age, a position in any capacity. Fair with figures, can speak and understand Cantonese and Shanghai dialects very fluently. School education nine years. Please apply to Box 157, THE CHINA PRESS.

24730 A.3

AMERICAN seeks position in office, factory or for any outside work. Understands bookkeeping, Customs work, shipping, etc. Reply to Box 159, THE CHINA PRESS.

24738 A.3

FOREIGNER, general office experience, knowledge of coding, invoicing, shorthand and typewriting, wants position. Apply to Box 160, THE CHINA PRESS.

24739 A.2

WANTED, extra work from 2 to 8 p.m. by an energetic Chinese with experience of booking, shipping, typing, translating and general office routine. Testimonials. Apply to Box 161, THE CHINA PRESS.

24741 A.2

YOUNG American, married, seeks position as salesman, shipping clerk or general office assistant. Speaks Chinese fluently. Apply to Box 151, THE CHINA PRESS.

24706 A. 2

GENTLEMAN offers services as Bookkeeper, after office hours, for remuneration. Apply to Box 149 THE CHINA PRESS.

24703 A. 2

EDUCATIONAL

RUSSIAN LESSONS given by well-educated and experienced lady. Apply to Box 158, THE CHINA PRESS.

24731 A.2

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let, Canton Road, two rooms, second floor. Szechuen Road, two rooms, second floor. Apply to J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

24751

Exchange and Mart

For Sale at Cost. New set of "Preachers Complete Homiletic Commentary of Bible" 20 vols. O. T. and index. 10 vols. N. T. and index. Total 32. Late reprint Funk and Wagnalls Co. Commentary rich in suggestion to Christian workers.

Address, J. L. HENDRY,
Mokanshan, Che.

24775

WANTED, second-hand mandolin, must be in perfect condition and cheap. Italian make preferred. State price to Box 166, THE CHINA PRESS.

24770 A. 2

FOR SALE, police-dog pups and several Carrier, Dragoon and Homer Pigeons. Apply to Box 150, THE CHINA PRESS.

24706 A 2

NICE building site near Hongkew Park. Land registered under foreign title deed, and measures about three mows. Well raised, with 200 feet road frontage. Apply to Box 126, THE CHINA PRESS.

24648 A.3

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 9

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£2,100,000

Head Office:
38 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amoy	Ilollo	Pukat
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve	Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtse	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/-	$15,000,000
Silver	21,000,000
	$36,000,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Sraes.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Ilollo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	2,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O'Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	891,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIN, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-Up Capital	£2,000,000
Reserves	£431,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls.	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls.	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行 銀 亨 中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000
Reserve Fund	$ 20,000

Acting Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	San Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiang	Osaka
	pu	Yokohama

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2613 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAU, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits	U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
38 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Rangoon Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid)	H.$	2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$	400,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$	40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 23,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

T. KODAMA, Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
[redacted]
Fixed Deposits [redacted] according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 75,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 25,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	£1,500,000
Paid up Capital	750,000
Reserve Fund	700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.
EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Reserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,236 (about £1,063,353)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

Banking Service with AMERICA —direct and personal

EXPORTERS or importers now engaged in, or thinking of, trade with America would do well to consider not only the special nature of our facilities, but also the personal interest we take in every one of our customers' transactions.

First of all, we offer *direct* banking service—without intermediary dealings, or unnecessary delays.

Equally important is our *personal* service. Every transaction is followed through, both here and in America, by our own representatives with a personal interest, the value of which is evident in the service rendered.

May we talk with you about America?

Central Office in the Far East:

Shanghai

Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads
Other branches in
Hankow—Hongkong—Peking—Tientsin

Asia Banking Corporation

New York

CAPITAL U.S. $2,000,000 SURPLUS U.S. $500,000

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
China	July	5
Satanta	July	6
Ecuador	July	19
Uneas	July	24
West Sequana	July	24
Stanley Dollar	July	28
For Tacoma		
Arabia Maru	July	23
For Seattle		
Justin	July	6
Javary	July	20
Katori Maru	July	23
West Munham	July	29
For Vancouver		
Empress of Russia	July	12
Bessie Dollar	July	25
For New York		
Eurybates	June	14
Egremont Castle	June	28
Euryades	July	24
Muncaster Castle	July	28
For London, etc.		
Rhesus	June	19
Andes Maru	June	22
Idomeneus	June	26
Glenamoy	June	27
Glenapp	June	29
Tamba Maru	July	1
Penang Maru	July	7
Priam	July	12
Mishima Maru	July	13
Sado Maru	July	21
Meichu Maru	July	30
For Liverpool		
Teucer	June	20
Tosa Maru	July	28
Awa Maru	Aug.	1
For Marseilles		
Suki Maru	June	29
Nera	July	16
Liverpool Maru	July	24
Saratov	Aug.	1
For Port Said		
Ryufuku Maru	June	27
For Calcutta via Japan		
Japan	July	4
For Bombay		
Dunera	July	5
Dilwara	July	23

Provision Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market as compiled on July 29, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	"	16-20
Pork	"	25-30
Veal	"	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	"	14-16
Mandarin	"	40-50
Mackerel	"	20-25
Pomfret	"	16-18
Salmon	"	16-20
Samli	"	none
Soles	"	16-18
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	"	50-80
Eggs	per doz.	17-30
Fowl	per lb.	20-22
Geese	each	60-90
Pigeons	"	16-18
Quail	"	none
Snipe	"	none
Teal	"	none
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	"	8-12
Bananas	"	5-6
Lemons	each	6-8
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per doz.	$1.20
Peaches	per lb.	10-15
Pears	"	8-10
Persimmons	"	none
Peeboes	"	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	"	8-10
Strawberries	per lb	none
Walnuts	"	6-8
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	none
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	4-8
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	4-5
French Beans	"	5-6
Green Corn	each	1-2
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	"	3-4
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	none
Potatoes	per picul	$1.80-$2.00
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	6-8
Tomatoes	"	4-5
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour Australian	"	$4.20
Flour Shanghai	"	$2.50
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$8.20
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	"	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.60
Bran	"	$2.25
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	per ton	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, August 1, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/6=Tls. 3.6364
@ exch. 73.8=Mex. $49.274
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 121½=Tls 82.47
@ exch. 73.8=Mex. $111.75
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 73.5
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 205
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1845
Native Interest ..... Tls. .21

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 55 1/16d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex., Paris on London .. Fr. 3202
Ex., New York on London T.T. G. $4.37½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	5/6
London	Demand	5/6½
India	Nom. T.T.	314½
Paris	Nom. T.T.	325
Paris	Demand	328
New York	T.T.	121
New York	Demand	121½
Hongkong	T.T.	64½
Japan	Nom. T.T.	41½
Batavia	T.T.	316
Singapore	T.T.	42½

Bank Buying Rates

London	Demand	5/7
London	4 m/s. Cdts.	5/8½
London	4 m/s. Docy.	5/8½
London	6 m/s. Cdts.	5/8½
London	6 m/s. Docy.	5/9
Paris	Nom. 4 m/s.	896
New York	o/d. Docy.	122½
New York	4 m/s.	130½

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Buying Rate
For Roubles

Rouble 5,350 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $2.50

CUSTOME HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR AUGUST

Hk. Tls.	3.25	@ 5/6½		£1
,,	1	@ 828 mom. Fr.		9.22
,,	0.74	@ 121½	Gold	$1
,,	1	@ 41½	Yen.	2.68
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees	4.62
,,	1	@ —	Roubles	—
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, August 1, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Dominions Tls. 6.25
Langkats Tls. 19½ C. N. I.
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 16.25 September
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Tls. 96.00 September

Unofficial

Yangtsze Insurance $290.00 Sept.
New Engineering Tls. 27.50 Sept.
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 217.50 Sept.
Yantszepoo Cotton Tls. 15.50 cash Tls. 16.25 September
Shanghai Docks Tls. 137.00 Sept.
Chinese Engineering and Mining "B" Tls. 13.75

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, August 1, 1919.

Business Done

Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 37.05 Sept.
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange
Tls. 21.50 Aug.
Tls. 22.50 Oct.
Japan China S. and W. Co.
Tls. 26.60 Oct.
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 15.30 Aug.

Local Yarn:
Water Moon 18's Tls. 194.10 Sept.
16/20's Tls. 204.80 Oct.
Tls. 203.10 Nov.

FRENCH MARKET
(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Quotations are as follows:

Marseilles, (July 29):

Saigon rice	115
Japanese green peas	130
Potato starch	135

Le Havre, (July 29)—Cotton:

1st quality	329½
2nd quality	329.20

LONDON METAL MARKET
(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—London metal market (July 30):

Copper: The market is rising as the result of rather important deliveries. Cash 107½, against 107 1/7; Three months 107½, against 107½.

Electrolytic unchanged at 116 and 125.

Rubber (July 29):

Plantation crepe	1/11½
Smoked	1/9½
Fine hard para	2/6½

Rubber Prices

Messrs. Meyer and Measor, Singapore, report that the Auction this week showed prices of cents 70½ to cents 73 for Pale Crepe and cents 69 to cents 71½ for Smoked Sheet, the tendency of the market being steady.

Messrs. R. N. Truman and Co. have received the following telegraphic report from the Singapore Agents in connection with the last weekly report auctions held on July 30, 1919.

Average price realised:

No. 1 Smoked Sheet—$0.70½ per pound equivalent to 1s. 8d. ex warehouse Singapore.

No. 1 Crepe—$0.73 per pound equivalent to 1s. 8¾d. ex warehouse Singapore.

Market rather weaker but not actually lower, offered 899 tons; sold 694 tons.

Cotton Market

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co. write as follows in their report dated August 2:

China Cotton.—Owing to absence of demand our market during the past week assumed a more or less depressing aspect with a tendency at the close towards an easier undertone in as far as spots are concerned.

The climatic conditions in the Yangtsze belt and in the Hupeh province continued anything but favorable to the new Season crop, which fact coupled with the general expectations this year of about a 20 percent lower yield than that of last year has practically deterred any offerings during the week under review, for forward deliveries, thereby indicating the predicament in which the speculative element finds itself for the moment and accentuating the not very cheerful outlook thus far discernible.

Taking, therefore, a birds-eye view of the present cotton situation in all its aspects it would be advisable to take advantage of the current rates and provide as much as possible for immediate and future requirements. Tone of the markets, quiet.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the month of July, 1919, and for seven months ended July 31, 1919, with figures for the corresponding periods last year:

	July, 1919.
Gross Receipts	$175,115.30
Loss by currency depreciation	44,106.03
Effective Receipts	$131,009.27
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	26.37
Car Miles run	397,918
Passengers Carried	7,992,071
	July, 1918.
Gross Receipts	$142,616.39
Loss by currency depreciation	32,869.18
Effective Receipts	$109,947.21
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.26
Car Miles run	362,952
Passengers Carried	6,567,098
	7 Months ended July 31, 1919.
Gross Receipts	$1,141,455.41
Loss by currency depreciation	281,130.10
Effective Receipts	$860,326.31
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	25.87
Car Miles run	2,553,247
Passengers Carried	51,335,649
	7 Months ended July 31, 1918.
Gross Receipts	$957,472.95
Loss by currency depreciation	213,177.13
Effective Receipts	$744,295.82
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.57
Car Miles run	2,361,229
Passengers Carried	43,617,368

PARIS EXCHANGE
(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, July 31.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Paris exchange:

Paris-London cheques	31.80

War Loans:

3 percent	61.30
4 percent 1917	71.45
4 percent 1918	71.10
5 percent	89.07

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

DR. FREDERICK STARR RETURNS AGAIN TO JAPAN

Anthropologist Is On His Ninth Trip To Study Life And Thought Of Nippon

Tokio, July 26.—Dr. Frederick Starr of the University of Chicago, one of the world's foremost authorities on ethnology and anthropology, reached Yokohama by the Africa Maru yesterday and came direct to Tokio, where he registered as a guest at the Kinckuniya Hotel near Shimbashi. This is his ninth trip to this country, in which he has given numerous lectures and visited almost every nook and corner of the Empire, with the exception of a few places in the island of Kyushu. During his numerous trips, Dr. Starr lives in purely native style, eating rice and sleeping on mats. Unlike most foreign travellers, Dr. Starr makes his tours on foot, walking a few miles a day, with a view of making a most minute study into the habits and customs of rural life. This fact alone has made him familiar to even the children in many parts of the country.

No Without Adventure

His habits have not been wholly monotonous, either, as they have brought upon him the suspicion of more than one Sherlock Holmes among the country police, to whom at times he has had a hard job explaining the innocent nature of his strolling. Once satisfied that he is not a spy, however, and the same police put themselves out to help him.

Prior to his departure from Chicago in June, Dr. Starr spent a fortnight at the Methodist Missionary Centenary Celebration at Columbus, Ohio, which was opened in June. Dr. Starr there exhibited his collections relating to the Republic of Liberia and lectured on Liberia, the Belgian Congo, Japan and Korea, on which he is a recognised authority.

Will Climb Over Fuji

On his present trip, Dr. Starr expects to climb over Mount Fuji, going up by the north trail and down by the west. In an ascent in 1917, he climbed up the east and came down on the south side. Before descending this time he plans to make the chudo, or midway circuit of the mountain, a pilgrimage rarely undertaken except by the fujiko, or special devotees of the mountain, as it involves a certain amount of danger.

Dr. Starr desires to carry out the ascent of Fuji before August 10, as the sacred mountain will be closed to pilgrims after that date.

In climbing Mount Fuji, Dr. Starr will be accompanied by Mr. Ikko Sogabe, Yokohama manager of the Yorozu, a Tokio daily. Mr. Sogabe, who is president of the Yokohama Historical Society, has climbed Mount Fuji no fewer than seventy-four times, and there are few Japanese with such a record, outside the goriki, or professional mountain guides.

To Visit Sacred Spots

Later in the year, with the coming of autumn, Dr. Starr proposes to make a pilgrimage of the "eighty-eight sacred places of Shikoku." When made on foot, as is usual, this pilgrimage requires a month. These places were established by the famous priest, Kobo Daishi, more than eleven hundred years ago, and his memory is closely associated with them.

While these two items are perhaps the most picturesque in Dr. Starr's program, he has a long list of other interesting investigations in view, chiefly in the direction of Buddhism and Shinto, with an object largely of combining and organising for publication the results of his previous expeditions into Japan. These, as they now shape themselves in his mind, will probably work out into five volumes, quite independent and to no degree covering the same ground, though all are to be studies of Japanese life and thought.

Wanderings Reported In Print

Within the last two months there has been printed in Tokio, in Japanese, a book—Orudo Asya—which narrates the journeys of Dr. Starr in Japan in 1917, omitting his trip over the Sanyodo, the diary of which was printed late in that year. The new book covers the ascent of Mount Fuji, a preliminary journey in Shikoku, a study of the mountain monasteries of Korea and a kuruma trip of the Oshukaido, or great northern highroad. The story has been told by Mr. Hambei Maebashi who was with Dr. Starr in his wanderings.

Mr. Maebashi as before, will be the photographer and interpreter of the coming expedition.

Dr. Starr came to this country first in 1904, on behalf of the St. Louis Exposition, to secure a group of Ainu, aborigines in the Hokkaido. He led an expedition into the Congo Free State in 1905, investigating conditions there and visiting 28 different tribes and has made field study in the Philippines in 1908, in Japan 1909, in Korea 1911, 1913, 1915 and in Liberia in 1912. He is the author of nearly a dozen books on his specialities, including "Japanese Proverbs and Pictures." Dr. Starr expects to return to Chicago at the end of December, in order to resume his class work at the University of Chicago in January, 1920.

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Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

Municipal Notification
No. 2640

GENERAL MUNICIPAL RATE

(Translation from the Chinese)

AT the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers held on April 9, a Resolution was passed authorising an increase in the General Municipal Rate as from July 1, from 12 per cent. to 14 per cent. per annum.

This Resolution was passed upon the Council's recommendation, which was only made with the greatest reluctance, and because it was found that the expenditure required to provide for the proper administration of the Settlement in 1919 would greatly exceed the Settlement's revenue, if the General Municipal Rate were calculated upon the old basis of 12 per cent. per annum. Obviously the Council could not present a Budget to the Ratepayers which showed a deficit, so it became necessary to consider by what means the Settlement's revenue could be increased. It was found possible to increase the estimated receipts from wharfage dues and to reduce expenditure to some extent, but there still remained a substantial deficit. How was this deficit to be converted into a surplus was the problem that presented itself. Wharfage dues had already been increased as far as was possible, licence fees admitted of no increase, and expenditure under all heads had been reduced already as much as possible. Under these circumstances and as the sources of Municipal revenue for which provision is made under the Land Regulations are so very limited, the Council had to look to Land Tax and General Municipal Rate to raise the extra revenue required.

Upon very careful consideration it appeared to the Council that the additional burden should fairly be borne by owners of land and occupiers of houses proportionately, and that accordingly the levy should be increased in the case of Land Tax to 7/10 of 1 per cent. and in the case of General Municipal Rate to 2 per cent., with effect from July 1. With these increases it was possible for the Council to submit to the Ratepayers at their meeting in April a Budget that showed a surplus of Tls. 98,000, which, it may be remarked, is far below that margin of safety which has in the past been considered necessary to the preservation of the credit of the Settlement at a high level. The Council's explanations as to the need for increasing the General Municipal Rate to 14 per cent. from the half year beginning July 1 were fully appreciated and unanimously approved by the Ratepayers and accordingly General Municipal Rate at 14 per cent. has now become due and payable.

Although the proceedings at the meeting of Ratepayers were published in full in the Chinese Press, Sin Wan Pao, Shun Pao, Hsin Shun Pao, etc., of April 10/11 it seems that the majority of Chinese ratepayers did not at the time pay any particular attention thereto, so that the reasons for the increase were not, it is regretted, understood or appreciated by them and from investigations made by the Council it appears that a good deal of misunderstanding exists and that it is therefore desirable that a detailed explanation should be published. That this is so has, moreover, been emphasized by the many petitions that have been forwarded to the Council by Street Associations, Shopkeepers' Associations and others, protesting against the increase above referred to and against the special levy of General Municipal Rate at 1 per cent. which the Council was also directed by the Ratepayers to collect for the purposes explained hereunder.

The Council accordingly requests the close attention of Chinese Ratepayers to the following explanations:—

1.—Rates are raised to provide for the cost of the proper administration of the Settlement.

2.—Rates are payable on exactly the same basis by foreigners and Chinese, viz. 12 per cent. until June 30, and thereafter at 14 per cent.

3.—The special levy of 1 per cent. which it should be emphasized is a levy for this year only and is payable by a single payment is likewise payable by foreigners and Chinese.

4.—It is a remarkable fact that the General Municipal Rate has stood unchanged at 12 per cent. since 1908 until July of this year, whilst taxation in all other countries of the world has increased enormously. The petitioners very rightly state that the cost of living has gone up very considerably of recent years, but they seem to have overlooked the fact that all the expenses of the Council, costs of labour, materials etc., have, likewise, gone up very considerably, and the fact that the rate has not been changed is due to two chief considerations:—

(1) The increased rental value of property in the Settlement, and

(2) The fact that during the War, until December 31, 1918 the Council saved no less than Tls. 880,000 because it did not pay the salaries of those Municipal employes who went on war service. The Municipal administration did not, however, suffer, because those employes who remained behind did the work of those who had gone on war service.

5.—Against this saving of Tls. 880,000, the Ratepayers at the last Annual Meeting on April 9 (the proceedings of which were fully reported in the Chinese papers) directed that the Council should pay to those who have been on War Service one-half their pay, i.e., Tls. 440,000, but they specifically directed that no employe should receive more than Tls. 8,000 and that anything already paid to him by the Council should be taken into consideration, so that from Tls. 440,000, which is one-half the amount saved, the actual amount to be paid to such employes under the Resolution was reduced to an amount of approximately Tls. 320,000, of which the Ratepayers are now called upon to provide only Tls. 222,300 by means of the special levy on land and houses, the balance being covered by the estimated surplus on the Council's Ordinary Budget for this year.

It should be clearly understood that the payment of this Tls. 320,000 is not for War Services, which have already been paid for by the Allied Governments, but on account of the pay which would ordinarily have been drawn by such employes for their service to the Municipal Council.

It may be noted also that of the Tls. 222,300, the Chinese who pay the General Municipal Rate are only called upon to pay say Tls. 85,000.

It may also be noted that since January 1 of this year, there has been a further saving because a large number of Municipal employes have not yet returned from war service.

6.—If Municipal employes had not gone on war service the increase in the General Municipal Rate from 12 to 14 per cent. must inevitably have taken place at least two years, probably 2½ years, ago, and the Ratepayers foreign and Chinese, would have had to pay at least, say Tls. 650,000 more than they are in fact now being called upon to pay by the special levy—this because under normal conditions and except for the Council's desire to keep taxation as low as possible—no part of the surplus on the Ordinary Budget would be devoted to this purpose. Of the Tls. 880,000 the Chinese Ratepayers of the General Municipal Rate would have had to pay a total of say Tls. 340,000 as compared with Tls. 85,300 which they are now called upon to pay, so that they are actually saving rates to the extent of Tls. 253,000.

7.—The special levy of 1 per cent. is payable once only and when the full one per cent. has been paid the levy ceases for ever.

The Council hopes that the above explanations will remove any misunderstanding that may exist and that the Chinese Ratepayers will realize that the increased rate of 14 per cent. and the special levy of 1 per cent. must be paid. In regard to the latter, the Chairman and Acting Chairman and the Secretary of the Council have several conversations with the foreign lawyer, Mr. Master, and with Messrs. Chang Nyeh-yung (張業鏞), Chu Lai-fong (祝賴芳), Shen Tun-ho (沈敦和) and Sung Han-chang (宋漢章), who have interested themselves in the matter on behalf of certain of the petitioners above referred to. These gentlemen pointed out that the collection of the special levy of 1 per cent. in a single payment was indeed likely to cause some hardship to the poorer Chinese Ratepayers and they suggested that the Council should remove this hardship by spreading the payment over a period, so that it should be collected in installments. Ever ready and willing so far as it can, to alleviate or remove hardship, the Council readily concurred with this suggestion, and accordingly Chinese Ratepayers are notified that the 1 per cent. special levy will be collected in 3 equal quarterly payments, commencing with the October collection of rates. One-third of the 1 per cent. will be collected in October, one-third in January, 1920, and the last one-third in April, 1920, thus payment of this special levy will be made easy for all. The occupier of a house at a rental of $10 per month will pay $0.40 each quarter for these quarters only or at the rate of less than $0.14 per month.

Having granted this indulgence and having offered such explanations as must surely appeal to every reasonable minded person, the Council does not expect to hear any further talk on the part of Chinese Ratepayers in regard to refusing to pay Municipal Rates, for the Rates must be paid and the Council must deal with any refusal according to law.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, August 2, 1919.
24774

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Municipal Notification
No. 2802.

7% LOAN 1919
Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24a Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.
24754

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NOTICE

It is hereby notified that Mr. William Rowland Lemarchand has this day been admitted a partner in our firm.

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Shanghai, July 28th, 1919.
24717

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WEATHER

Showers with intermittent squalls from the north to north-west quarters this evening or tonight. Rough weather along the whole coast.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 2, 1919

Responsibility For The Shantung Decision

TO Americans at least President Wilson's statement that he sought to modify the Shantung clause in the treaty of peace will be gratifying. His position before had been inexplicable, particularly in view of the published fact that Secretary of State Lansing and Dr. Williams, former head of the Far Eastern Bureau in the State Department, had formally objected to the clause. The causes leading up to the cession of Shantung, to which the liberal forces of all the world are registering strenuous opposition, are not far to seek.

For one thing, the atmosphere that had been built up around the peace conference was favorable. It was an atmosphere of territorial bargaining behind closed doors, of get what you could with the weapons of the old diplomacy. And there was no reason to expect a spirit of high altruism suddenly to settle down over Paris just when the question of China and Japan came up. For another thing, all the other Powers were insisting on the fulfillment of their own secret treaties and obtained such fulfillment. For another, Japan was in a strong strategic position. Italy had just bolted over Fiume, embarrassing the Allies in their hope of concluding a speedy peace and forcing Germany to accept it. There was disagreement among Britain, France and the United States over indemnities and if Japan bolted, too, it would have left three of the Big Five to negotiate the treaty alone and weakened their position toward Germany. And Japan gave fair notice that it would bolt. With Germany then defiant and its statesmen announcing they would not sign an unfavorable peace, and the pro-German Italian parties talking bluntly of a change of front in the future, and Russia what it is, the old specter of the German-Russian Japanese alliance stalked again. And that is a specter not yet laid. With all these circumstances playing in Japan's favor, Japan got what it wanted, and one balance of the scales of justice dropped with a thud.

The causes may be various but fundamentally they go back to the failure of the representatives of the Allied Powers gathered in Paris to make a clean break on the first day of the conference with all the ideas and traditions of old world diplomacy, to show by their actions that they had learned the lessons of the war. Instead they decreed at the very beginning that the deliberations by which the world was to be rebuilt into a secure international society should be in secret. And that spirit dominated the whole conference, and in that spirit Shantung decisions were inevitable. It is to that we always come back at the end of any analysis, that the spirit which informed the peace conference was not one from which a new international idealism was to be expected or was even possible.

The Chinese And Increased Taxes

THE Municipal Council makes public today a notification to the Chinese population asking for its co-operation in collecting the increase of from twelve to fourteen percent in municipal rates. The notification is caused by the outspoken opposition among Chinese organisations to that increase and the threats that it would not be paid. The Council goes into detailed argument explaining the need of the larger assessment, and the argument ought to be convincing to fair-minded Chinese. Taxes have increased everywhere in the last few years and they must here also. Whether this particular increase is necessary cannot be discussed now, because it has already been approved by the ratepayers in annual session, and their decision, being made on examination and consideration, should be final. At any rate nothing is to be gained by obstructive measures now. If the organisations representing the Chinese community believe the Chinese are being treated unfairly—it must not be forgotten that the higher taxes hit foreigner and Chinese alike—they should draw up their case in a formal, legal way and ask for redress in a formal, legal way at the next ratepayers' meeting. In the meantime they can present their side to public opinion. But now they have no recourse but to pay. The law must take its course. Any other action would only result in regrettable unpleasantnesses.

The Future Of Japan

Should It Have The Philippines, The Dutch East Indies, And Other Pacific Islands?

By A Contributor

(In Herald Of Asia, Tokio)

One of the most important questions in regard to the future of Japan is how she is to find room for her rapidly expanding population. To find adequate occupation for over-population is one way out of the difficulty, but not a very hopeful way. Japan's population has more than doubled in the last fifty years, and is now over 57,000,000: at which rate in another fifty years it will have reached 114,000,000. But as density of population is already bordering on congestion in many parts of the country we shall have to find extra room for the expansion anticipated and bound to come. It would be fanciful to depend much on a decreasing or restricted birthrate; there is no danger of the one and the other would be very difficult to enforce. The fecundity of race and ratio of increase are pretty much the same for all the races of East Asia, and the rest will be needing room, too.

Where then is Japan to find space for her present and approaching generations? Shall she try to expand toward the north or towards the south? As to going northwards the question is easily answered: beyond the island of Saghalien there is nothing but ice and snow, nothing of habitable land. The alternative is to go westward, and there Japan meets China, also with her teeming millions, and facing a similar problem. Manchuria already supports a population of 15,000,000 or 21 to the sq.m.; and the Shantung province has 528 to the sq.m. Were Manchuria peopled to the same density as Shantung it would accommodate 177,000,000 more. But, as has been suggested, that space would probably be required by the surplus population of China herself. The fact is that in the next 25 years all the available territory in China and Japan will be occupied by a population dense to the limit of support and pressure will exert itself against the frontiers of Siberia. Could Japan have any hope of finding vent for her surplus population in East Russia it would be one way out of the difficulty, as that vast territory is very sparsely peopled. But the Japanese do not like a cold country and in all probability it would be difficult to induce immigration northwards, just as it now is to Hokkaido and Karafuto. As to Korea, the peninsula is already quite densely peopled and to pour in large numbers of Japanese could only be done at the expense of the Koreans.

To many it seems that Japan's greatest hope lies towards the south. The islands of Loochoo and Formosa are already occupied by Japan, though conditions as yet are not altogether inviting, mainly due to climate and the prevalence of savages in the southern island. Taking the colonies and territories now in possession of Japan, no doubt much more could be done than has been done to prepare them for a denser population. Hokkaido and Karafuto may be cold, but the climate is on the whole bracing and no worse than the well populated and prosperous countries of Canada and Russia in the same latitude. These northern colonies of Japan could support a much larger population that they at present have. With adequate outlay too Korea and Formosa can be made to welcome and support more population, the only thing necessary being to open up further land for settlement. In this some of our future but immediate millions can be disposed of. By a greater development of industry and the erection of skyscrapers we might pile up a few at home, but, as has been remarked, we cannot rely on this. But no one supposes that any of the hopes discussed will settle the question of Japan's future. She is bound to expand territorially as certainly as she is expanding in population: but how, and when?

All available territory being already well occupied it is supposed by some that Japan's only way of expansion is by aggression. She cannot simply rest on her oars and trust to the mercy of the world as her population drifts. Japan must expand as well as other countries have done, it is said. We do not agree with this theory. We believe that Japan must expand, but we believe that expansion is possible in a natural and peaceful way. The settlement of our people in Manchuria, Kwantung, Formosa and the south sea islands is by peaceful means. As time goes on and Japan occupies a position of ever-increasing importance in East Asia other doors will naturally and peacefully open to her. Western nations are not so savage as to suppose that Japan ought to kill off her surplus population. It is not too much to hope that some day justice and destiny shall decide that all the islands on this side of the Pacific north of the Equator will come under the jurisdiction of Japan! Does America intend to keep out Japanese immigration and still hold the Philippines permanently? If not, why should she not some day sell them to Japan? Having closed her own doors to the Japanese this would be a gracious act on her part, and one that would be but naturally expected from a country boasting so much philanthropy and Christian altruism.

Then there are the Dutch East Indies. No doubt many people will look surprised or even shocked at the bare mention of this suggestion. But unlikelier things have happened in the course of this world's history. Holland is a small country and thus untroubled with surplus populations and in any case the whole world is open to her immigrants, while shut to those of Japan. Her retention of the East Indies is not essential to her independence or success as a nation. She could live quite indepently of them. Holland has had these islands for 300 years and might greatly dislike even the proposal of any other nation to purchase them. But Holland cannot say that she has not had difficulty in governing them; nor can she deny that in the three centuries of her occupation she has even completely civilised them and developed their resources. Their inhabitants are more akin to the Japanese and Japan could administer the islands with greater benefit to the native population and to herself than can Holland. Japan should by every legitimate and peaceful means endeavor to acquire these islands. She could utilise her present enormous increase of gold to pay for them.

The Dutch East Indies form the southern line of Japan's naval defenses. On more than one occasion already their indepedence of Japan has made the islands a menace to her safety. During the war with Russia it was impossibe for Holland to maintain the strict neutrality of her South Sea islands; and the same danger threatened Japan and her Allies during the war with Germany, when the enemy often sought refuge there. As the islands are always in danger of becoming a base of operations against Japan there can be nothing wrong or even suspicious in her wish to purchase them, especially as she wants more territory for her expanding population. Certainly it would be better to let Japan have them than to let them pass into other hands, a contingency that Japan could not contemplate. There was not surprise when America purchased the Danish West Indies. There should be no surprise if Japan should purchase the Dutch East Indies. Were Japan once in command of the Sunda straits she could slacken her naval program and feel at ease both as to defenses and population for all time to come.

It need hardly be protested that Japan is not bent on territorial expansion, any more than a man is bent on increasing his stature. But if it does increase he is bound to change his clothes. Japan's main policy at present, however, is peaceful exploitation of East Asia. She is anxious to meet the demands of her growing industries and commerce by intensive education of her people and development of the resources of China, on which she depends for such raw materials as cotton and iron ore, while supplying that country with manufactures. At the same time, owing to China's weakness and duplicity, Japan feels the responsibility of protecting her and keeping her safe from western aggression, as China's loss of independence would menace the safety of Japan. At the same time there is a strong conviction among many Japanese that if Japan is to expand consistently with the needs of her population it will be southward, among the lands which the Japanese love so well. We are an insular people and feel out of place on continents. Give us the islands of the Pacific, on our own side of it, and north of the Equator; and let us develop these for the benefit of all concerned and then we shall be treated justly and have some hope of achieving our destiny. This is merely an individual expression of opinion, but no doubt it will find an echo in many a Japanese heart. Surely all Japan's friends ought to aid and encourage her in his peaceful and reasonable ambition, as it would prove the solution of so many problems that loom up for the future.

China And The League Of Nations

By V. K. Wellington Koo, Ph.D., *(Chinese Plenipotentiary to the Peace Conference, Minister at Washington.)*

The Chinese people have from time immemorial been influenced by the elevated principles of Confucian philosophy. It is Confucius who first taught us that we must not be merely content with the orderly government of a single individual nation, but that, besides, we must seek for the establishment of what he termed "Tatungism," which means literally "great communism," figuratively "utopianism," and practically "a league of nations." He was living in the feudal age or the so-called Spring and Autumn period, when many principalities, dukedoms and earldoms, great and small, were constantly fighting one against another. Alliances were formed among the more powerful nations to barter about the peoples and territories of the less powerful "as if they were mere chattels and pawns in a game." If there was a lull of peace now and then, here and there, it was only to be broken again over a quarrel among the princes. The people were forced to take up arms simply to satisfy the selfish ends of their rulers. Various territories were time and again bathed in blood. Misery reigned everywhere. Confucius saw, just as the illustrious author of the present League of Nations has seen, the danger to civilisation and humanity involved in the continued existence of such a sad plight, and therefore spared no effort in emphasising the need of creating and preserving a new order of things which could ensure universal peace. Although his appeals to the princes and the people did not succeed in bringing about many concrete results in his own age, his ideals and principles have survived him from generation to generation, and been deeply inculcated in the minds of the Chinese people.

Among the most characteristic principles prescribed by Confucius is this: "Do not do unto others what you will not others do unto you." One should act in obedience to the dictates of Reason and Justice, and covet nothing which is not one's by right. Mencius, a noted disciple of the Confucian School, drew a distinct line of demarcation between what is selfishness and what is one's proper due. Muhtih advocated the principle of altruism and universal love. Nurtured in the philosophy of peace based on Reason and Justice, the spirit of the Chinese people is the spirit of the League of Nations.

The foregoing observations perhaps explain the fact that the sentiment in favor of the League prevails throughout the length and breadth of the Chinese Republic. In China and abroad societies have been formed by Chinese to study the question and support the cause. I have tried to give expression to this unanimous sentiment of the Chinese people at the Plenary Session of the Peace Conference on February 14, when President Wilson presented to the Conference the draft Covenant unanimously agreed to by the Commission on the League of Nations, just as our Minister for Foreign Affairs did at the Plenary Session of January 25, when a resolution for the creation of a Commission on the League of Nations was under discussion. As an expression of the attitude of the Chinese people as well as of the Chinese Government toward the League of Nations, it may not be entirely out of place to reproduce these two speeches here.

Mr. Lu's Speech: "In the name of the Chinese Government I desire to adhere wholeheartedly to the resolution (for the establishment of the League of Nations) put before this Conference. China has always been faithful to her obligations, and is deeply interested in the maintenance of the peace of the world. She associates herself entirely with the lofty ideals embodied in the resolution, which is that of creating an international system of co-operation which will ensure the accomplishment of the obligations and will give safeguards against war. It is my duty to give an assurance to this Conference that the Chinese Republic will always be happy to consult with the other States in the establishment of a League which will give all the nations, either small or great, an effective guarantee of their integrity, of their political sovereignty, and of their economic independence founded upon the noble basis of impartial justice."

The proceedings of the Plenary Session of the Peace Conference on February 14 contain the following report of my remarks: "I have listened with keen pleasure and profound satisfaction to the words of my distinguished colleagues in commendation of the report which President Wilson has presented. Just as no people have been more eager to see the formation of a League of Nations than the people of China, so no people are more gratified than we are to note the distinct step of progress made by the Commission of the League of Nations.

"Speaking for a third of the total population represented here in this Conference, and therefore of the proposed League, it is fitting that I should add a word of endorsement to the project now before us. Not only the substance of the provisions of the draft Covenant, but the spirit underlying this whole document also, is of the most inspiring kind—the spirit of fair-mindedness and friendship, and of concord and conciliation. Having myself taken part in the deliberations of the Commission, of which I have the honor to be a member, I am able to bear testimony to every tribute which has been made this afternoon to the Commission for their admirable spirit in drafting the Covenant.

"Thanks to the able leadership of President Wilson and to the loyal co-operation of the other members, we are now in possession of a draft Constitution for the League of Nations unanimously adopted by the Commission, a document which, when adopted, shall serve as a bulwark against international lawlessness and as a guarantee of universal peace. The rapid and successful completion of the work of the Commission marks, indeed, another milestone along the road on which mankind has been pressing forward from time immemorial in order to attain the goal of durable peace. It will always be China's pleasant duty to co-operate with other Powers in the organisation and development of the League of Nations, one which, in my mind, will be the greatest institution mankind will have seen."

It is to be added, in conclusion, that China's enthusiasm for the League of Nations and readiness to co-operate in its interest will increase in proportion as the League is to be built up and developed as a partnership of democratic nations. Although the Chinese Republic is of recent origin, the Chinese people have been for centuries nurtured in the principles of democracy. "The welfare of the people," says a noted scholar of Chinese political philosophy, "is throughout laid down as the main aim and purpose of government, and upon the manner in which a ruler can hold the public confidence and find a place in the hearts of the people depends the permanence and usefulness of his rule." Even Confucius, a confirmed royalist, emphasised the importance of placing the public weal of the State above the interests of the imperial household. It is stated in his writings: "He who gains the hearts of the people secures the throne; and he who loses their hearts loses also the throne." Mencius gave us this characteristic expression: "Heaven sees according as my people see; Heaven hears according as my people hear." These maxims are not mere platitudes with the Chinese, but remain a living force. The faith of the Chinese people in democracy is strong and sincere. They believe that just as a democratic form of government is a bulwark of the people's rights, so will a democratic League of Nations be the best guarantee of the rights of all nations, great and small, weak and strong.

Eliminating Steam

Railroad electrification is still looked upon by the general public and by railroad men as having its chief merit in relieving cities and tunnels of the obnoxious smoke and cinders belched forth by the steam locomotives. Electrical men have in recent years emphasised the economy of electric train service and in a paper presented by S. T. Dodd before the Western Railway Club this is very strikingly shown. As reported in this issue, Mr. Dodd cited figures proving that 100,000,000 of the 140,000,000 tons of coal now burned annually by our railroads could be saved by general electrification. In view of the continued, if not increasing, need for conserving the fuel resources of the country for future generations, the urgency of attacking the problem and at least checking this gigantic annual waste should be given prompt and careful attention.—*Electrical Review.*

Topics In Brief

Every bomb-explosion is preceded by a brain-explosion.—*Philadelphia Evening Ledger.*

It is now possible to ship gold abroad. We print the information for the benefit of our readers who are overstocked.—*Greenville (S. C.) Piedmont.*

Hereafter political orators will have to be careful how they appeal to the "plain people." Women compose a large part of the voting population now.—*Kansas City Journal.*

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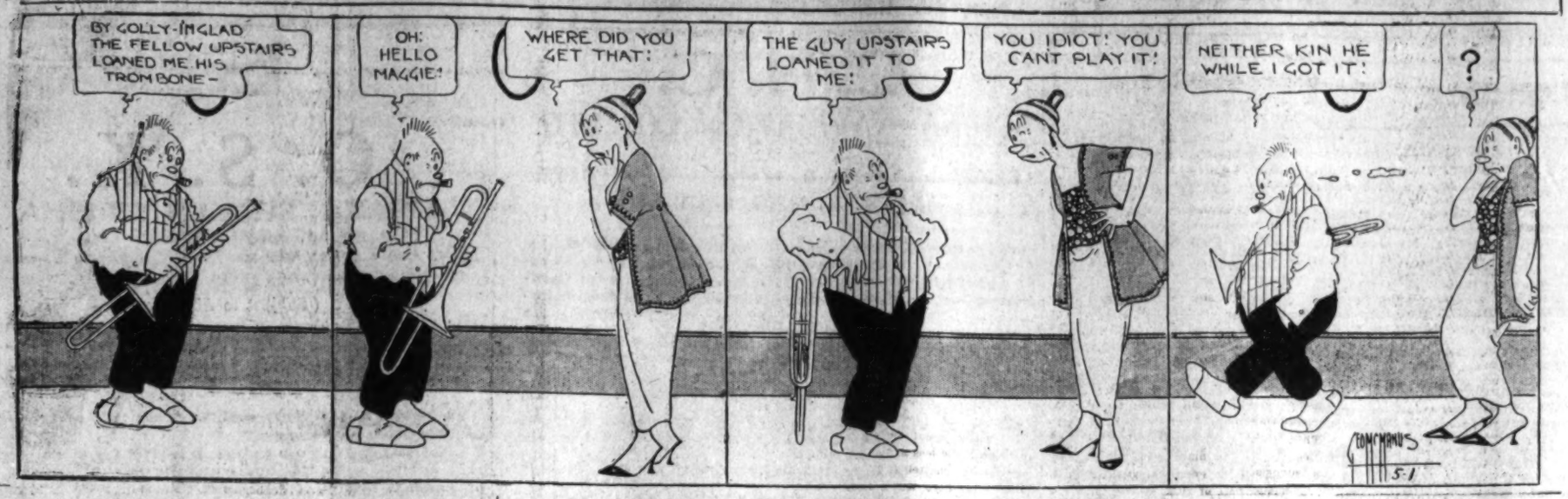
Bringing Up Father — By George McManus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THE GUY UPSTAIRS LOANED IT TO ME:
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Of, By, And For The People

Some Quotations That Suggest An Early Origin Of The Phrase

Speculations are often indulged in as to whether the oft-quoted expression used by Lincoln in his Gettysburg address, "government of the people, by the people, for the people," was original with him or was consciously or unconsciously borrowed by him from some one who had previous used either that identical expression or something like it, and I notice that speculations of that kind have lately been indulged in by a correspondent of The Herald and by The Herald itself. Such speculations are interesting, but they are always inconclusive and unsatisfactory, for it can never be determined with certainty whether Lincoln originated his famous expression or appropriated or adapted it from some one who had previously used it or some similar expression.

The Herald's correspondent instances a passage in Daniel Webster's works, and a passage in the works of Theodore Parker, which are each so similar to Lincoln's expression as to suggest them as possible source from which Lincoln's expression was drawn, but to those expressions from Webster and Parker the following expressions similar to the one used by Lincoln may be added as possible sources from which he derived his expression, "the government of the people and for the people," an expression which is in a work by Thomas Cooper, entitled "Some Information Respecting America," published in 1794; "a government where all power is from the people and in the people and for the people;" an expression which is in a work by James Douglas, entitled, "The Advancement of Society in Knowledge and Religion," which was published in or just before 1830; "a government like ours founded by the people and managed by the people," an expression which is in Joseph Story's work entitled, "Commentaries on the Constitution of the United States," published in 1832; "the goverment of all, for all, by all," an expression which is in a letter which Theodore Parker wrote to Samuel J. May on November 13, 1846; "the government of all, for all, by all," an expression which is in a discourse on the death of John Quincy Adams, which Theodore Parker preached in Boston on Sunday, March 5, 1848; "government is to be of all the people, by all the people and for all the people," an expression which is in an address prepared by Theodore Parker for delivery on May 31, 1854, at an antislavery convention in Boston; and "self-government over all the people, for all the people, by all the people," an expression which is in a discourse preached by Theodore Parker in Boston on Sunday, July 4, 1858.

The above mentioned and above given quotations from Daniel Webster, Theodore Parker and others, while they are similar to Lincoln's expression, are not identical with it, but there is an instance in which the exact expression which Lincoln used was used before he used it, that previous use of the expression being by Henry Wilson. On November 27, 1860, Wilson wrote a letter to James Redpath and others, and in that letter the exact expression used by Lincoln, "government of the people, by the people, for the people," is to be found, so it is seen that the exact expression used by Lincoln was used by Henry Wilson three years before it was used by Lincoln. That Lincoln's famous expression was thus used by Henry Wilson before it was used by Lincoln is not generally known.—C. W. Lewis in *Boston Herald*.

Wasting 1,200,000 Trees Every Year

The amount of waste paper collected in all of Great Britain was about 1,000 tons a week in 1914. By 1918 this had been increased to 6,000 tons per week, or an increase of approximately 500 percent, said H. L. Baldensperger, Chief of the Waste Reclamation Service, United States Department of Commerce, in a speech to the Federation of Women's Clubs.

"Waste material is the protector of our natural resources. Waste paper, utilised in the manufacture of other paper material, serves as a substitute for wood pulp. It requires eight trees of mature growth to produce a ton of paper pulp. Every ton of waste paper which can be substituted will save eight trees for other uses. In our urban centers we send annually to the dump approximately 13 tons of usable waste material for every 1,000 inhabitants, and 20 percent of this tonnage is made up of waste paper.

"Based upon the approximation of the present population of our country, we are sending annually to the dump at least 150,000 tons of waste paper or twice as much paper as was collected in all of Great Britain in 1918. This amount represents the substituted power for at least 1,200,000 trees of mature growth."

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Have You A Telephone Ear?

In a time of general irritation about telephone delays one cannot help thinking that it is a pity there is no place in London where they teach the art of hearing on the telephone. There are so many little hints that could be systematised into a lesson that would save many minutes of vexation and difficulty.

The telephone ear requires just as much cultivation as the telephone voice. A man can usually speak clearly enough in his first telephone conversation, but he hears badly. Nor is it only a question of practice; a man can remain for years a bad hearer on the telephone.

The fact is, you must have a touch of imagination to hear well on the telephone. As a compensation for the absent stimulus of bodily presence, you must picture the speaker in the eye of your mind. The more clearly you do that the better you hear. Then, also, you must have more than a touch of sympathetic intuition. You must be able to anticipate what is going to be said even when it is outside your daily round. It is the lack of intelligent anticipation that makes a man a bad hearer on the telephone.

Suppose, for example, a man were talking on the telephone about Parliament and wanted to say that the Foreign Secretary was present. If his hearer were intelligent, "A. J. Balfour" would go over without a hitch; if the hearer were unintelligent, the initials would have to be repeated several times, and the result would be "H. A. Balfour."

The extreme case is quotation. Suppose the hearer knows Shakespeare's phrase: "A malignant and a turban'd Turk," how smoothly it would pass over the wire! But if he does not know it!

And, after all, nearly all conversation is a tissue of quotations, and the man who has a quick and intelligent memory for phrases makes the best general hearer. The reason why the butcher can answer so quickly the question: "Have you any mutton today?" even when it comes over a bad line, is that this is a phrase or quotation with which he is familiar. Our aim should be to have as big a stock of these phrases as possible.

How can these bad hearers improve themselves? By a deliberate effort to visualise their speaker, by enlarging their vocabulary of expectation, by aiming at a quick imaginative guess at what the speaker is going to say from his tone and opening phrase, and above all by concentration.—*London Mail*.

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HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain S. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, August 2,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer **Taiyang**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, August 2,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Luenho**, 2,868 tons, Captain Jackson will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunis Wharf on **Monday, August 4,** about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, August 4,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Captain S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Monday, August 4,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Wingsang**, 2,339 tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunis Wharf on **Tuesday, August 5,** about morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,** General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. S. Kusakari will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Tuesday, August 5,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain S. Takang, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Wednesday, August 6,** at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain A. J. Scott, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Saturday, August 2,** at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage No. 401.

NINGPO & POOTOO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Saturday, afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain H. E. Laver, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, August 3,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Hsintah**, Captain J. Glen, will leaev on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

Ningpo:—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Stott R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, August 4,** at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77. Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sunning**, Captain W. Benson, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, August 5,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Freight. Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsukaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtzepoo Wharf on **Tuesday, August 5,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtzepoo Wharf on **August 19,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer **Yingchow**, Cap. E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, August 3,** at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**, Captain Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, August 3,** at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Te. No. 401.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtzepoo Wharf on **Monday, August 4,** at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Chin Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, August 5,** at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,** Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Amazon Maru**, Captain A. Kobayashi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **August 8.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Saturday, August 23.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID MARSEILLES & ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Altai Mara**, Captain T. Fuchigami, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **August 24.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,** No. 4. The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug.	9 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	10 —	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug.	12 —	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Aug.	16 —	San Francisco	Columbia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Aug.	17 —	Vancouver	Montcalm	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	22 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug.	22 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	23 —	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug.	24 —	Seattle	Western Knight	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	28 —	San Francisco	Tancred	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	30 —	Seattle	Eldridge	Am.	R. D. Co.
Aug.	— —	San Francisco	West Conab	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	1 —	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Sep.	6 —	Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Sep.	13 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Sept.	14 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Sep.	17 —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Sep.	— —	San Francisco	West Vaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Oct.	4	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Oct.	6 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Oct.	31 —	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Aug.	2 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kagusa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	3 —	Moji, Kobe Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	6 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	9 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	9 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	10 —	Kobe	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	12 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	13 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

—	—	London	Kentucky	Am.	J.M. & Co.
Aug.	2 —	London	Nereus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	3 —	London, etc.	Helenus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	4 —	London	Kansas	Am.	J.M. & Co.
Aug.	4 —	London	Kitano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug.	4 —	Liverpool	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	8 —	London	Amazon Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug.	8 —	Singapore	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	14 —	London, etc.	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	18 —	London	Inaba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug.	21 —	London, etc.	Agapenor	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	22 —	London	Nagoya	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co
Aug.	24 —	London	Altai Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug.	24 —	London	Ajax	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	28 —	London, etc.	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	4 —	Liverpool	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	11 —	Liverpool	Ardlochus	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	11 —	London, etc.	Eleonor	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	25 —	London, etc.	Laomedon	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Aug.	2 noon	Hongkong & Canton	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	2 4.00	Ningpo & Pootoo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	2 noon	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	3 D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'tin	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	3 —	Hongkong & Canton	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	3 D.L.	S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Tungshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Aug.	4 4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Aug.	4 —	Hongkong	Montcalm	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug.	5 D.L.	Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	7 —	Hongkong	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug.	12 —	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

—	—	Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	2 3.30	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug.	2 noon	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug.	3 10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	3 D.L.	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	4 —	T'tau, T'tsin, Dalny	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Aug.	5 6.00*	Tsingtau & Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug.	5 3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Aug.	2 —	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang M.	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug.	2	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	2 —	Hankow	Siangtan	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	3	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug.	4	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	5	D.L. Wuhu/Swatow	Holhow	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Aug.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

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For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Siagan and Kaifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

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*S.S. West Conab	Aug. —	*S.S. West Vaca	Aug. —
S.S. Colombia	Aug. 16	S.S. Venezuela	Aug. 23
*S.S. West Vaca	Sept. —	*S.S. West Sequana	Sept. —
S.S. Venezuela	Sept. 13	S.S. Ecuador	Sept. 20

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OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
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Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*AMAZON MARU	18,000	A. Kobayashi,	Aug. 5	Aug. 8
*ALTAI MARU	18,000	D. Fuchigami,	Aug. 20	Aug. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
AFRICA MARU	18,000	H. Yamamoto,	Aug. 22	Aug. 23

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.

[redacted]

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

TENYO MARU	Oct. 6, 1919
SHINYO MARU	Oct. 31

FOR HONGKONG

TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

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VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

*S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST 22nd
S.S. "CHINA"	SEP. 14th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	AUGUST 7th
S.S. "CHINA"	AUGUST 31ts

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Hwahlee	Br.	J. M. & Co
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug. 1 —	Liverpool	Awa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug. 1 —	Japan	Nigata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 1 —	Hongkong & Canton	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —		Yenoura Maru	Jap.	M.S.K.
Aug. 1 —	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —	Foochow	Hasan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —	Chinwangtao	Kiangping	Br.	K.M.A.
Aug. 1 —		Acme		
Aug. 1 —	Ningpo & Pootoo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.

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For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. K. Yoshikawa,	Aug. 4
INABA MARU	12,500	Capt. U. Tanaka,	Aug. 18

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Sept. 1

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	Aug. 2
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. I. Nakajima,	Aug. 10
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yoshida,	Aug. 12

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	2,000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	Aug. 3
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Aug. 6
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Aug. 9
TAKESHIMA MARU	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida	Aug. 13

FOR JAPAN

IYO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Asakawa,	Aug. 10

FOR HONGKONG

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Naduda,	Aug. 8

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Aug. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	August 20
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	Sept. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki.	Oct. 22

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CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
23.45	11.12		. .	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53	
24.00	11.25		. .	arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.35	. .		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	. .	

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line			Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.33	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	:		220		:				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38		arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48	318	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	12.38
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep.	Liucheng	dep.	1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	:		426		:				10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	28.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.33		arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	15.20
11.51	13.20	8.40	523	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep.	Chuchow	dep.	16.48	10.50	8.27
20.08	18.55	13.00	681	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep.	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Liucheng-Tsochiang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.49	9.30	d. Liucheng a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.03	5.05	a. Tsiningchow d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Tsochiang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The Station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before 5 p.m. on Friday

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	U.S.A.	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	..	13.30	..	..	..	
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan & America, via Moji	do	..	..	..	..	a20.00	19.30
Japan & America, via N'saki	Kasuga Maru	..	..	..	..	14.00	13.30
Japan & America	do	13.30	..	..	..	..	13.00
Japan & America	Yawata Maru	19.30	..	..	..	..	19.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Kingsing	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	11.00	..	..	..	
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	Hsintah	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Dairy	Kobe Maru	13.30	..	..	..	..	13.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Hangsang	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton.	Tungshing	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong and Canton	Tean	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Japan Ports	Simbirsk	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Nagasaki and Vladivostok	Simbirsk	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Hankow	Tatung	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	Chenan	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow and Hongkong	Tungshing	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Tean	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Hsintah	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Kiangteen	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	do	..	a9.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	Kitano Maru	..	16.30	..	..	..	..
Monday, August 4.							
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	22.00	..	..	..	..	22.00
Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, August 5.							
Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shengking	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, August 8.							
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, USA & Europe, via Canada	E. of Asia	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00

† Parcels only.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m. Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
May 12 —	San Francisco	Korsnaes	Am.	
May 23 —	San Francisco	Wergeland	Am.	S. & Dix.
June 17 —	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.
June 21 —	Japan	Taito Maru	Jap.	
		Ralph Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
July 3 —	.....	Hwahhsin ..	Chi.	
July 9 —	Hankow	Meian	Am.	Seeony.
July 11 —	Hongkong	Hwahkuei	Chi	B. & S.
July 16		Taishin Maru	Jap.	
July 17 —	Tientsin	Tydeus	Br.	B. & S.
July 20 —	River Ports	Kiangwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 23 —	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
July 24 —	Chinwangtao	Patriot	Br.	K.M.A.
July 24 —	Japan	Hanamet	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
July 25 —	Antung	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
July 28 —	Chefoo	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 28 —		Luceric		
July 28 —		Tenri Maru	Jap.	
July 28 —	River Ports	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
July 28 —		Lindsay Moller	Br.	M. & Co.
July 28 —	Japan	Kayo Maru	Jap.	
July 29 —	Hongkong	Dacre Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
July 29 —	Chinwangtao	Upolu	Br.	
July 29 —	Tientsin, ports	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
July 29 —	Foochow	Weishun	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 29 —	Japan	Pembrokeshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July 30 —	Japan	Neleus	Br.	B. & S.
July 30 —	Japan	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July 30 —	Japan	Mikawa Maru	Jap.	
July 30 —	Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
July 30 —	Tsingtau	Mikuni Maru	Jap.	S.T. Co.
July 31 —	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus.	R. V. F.
July 31 —	Tientsin, ports	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 31 —	Hongkong	Tungshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 31 —	Japan	Senyo Maru	Jap.	
July 31 —	Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July 31 —	River ports	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
July 31 —	River ports	Tehhsing	Chi.	H.O.S.S. Co.
July 31 —	River ports	Tatoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
July 31 —	Hankow	Tsaangtah	Br.	C.I.&E.L. Co.
July 31 —	Japan	Kansas	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Aug. 1 —	Japan	Paling Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug. 1 —	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Aug. 1 —	Tsingtau	Fumi Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Aug. 1 —	Chinwangtao	Nikkai Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 1 —	London	Nagoya	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Aug. 1 —	River ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Aug. 1 —		Tikai Maru	Jap.	
Aug. 1 —	Tsingtau	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Wingsang left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru arrived in Shanghai from Dairen and Tsingtau yesterday and will sail for Dairen direct this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 2:30 o'clock.

The I.-C. s.s. Yusang is due in Shanghai from Tientsin and Chefoo tomorrow.

The I.-C. s.s. Waishing left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon will sail for Marseilles via Hongkong, Haiphong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti and Port Said on Monday, August 25. The tender Whangpoo with passengers and mails will leave the French Mail Jetty at nine o'clock the same morning.

The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano Maru left Moji for Shanghai on Thursday and may be expected to arrive today. The Kitano sails for London on Monday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru left Moji for Shanghai yesterday and may be expected to arrive tomorrow.

The R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk arrived in Shanghai from Vladivostok and Nagasaki on Thursday and will sail for the same ports this afternoon. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at three o'clock.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Agapenor, from Liverpool and Glasgow, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Monday, July 28.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The K.M.A. s.s. Koukai Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The K.M.A. s.s. Kwanping left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Thursday.

The P. and O. s.s. Neuralia, which left Shanghai on May 24, arrived in London on July 8.

The P. and O. s.s. Nagoya, which arrived in Shanghai from London on Friday, will sail for Japan ports on Monday.

The M.M. s.s. Arratoon Apcar, from Calcutta, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai tomorrow and is due here on August 14.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Monteagle will dock at the Hongkew Wharf this morning instead of arriving yesterday as expected. The monteagle will sail for Hongkong direct on Monday.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COAST PORTS

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Melville Dollar" - - - - Aug. 12th

S.S. "Harold Dollar" - - - - Sept. 17th

FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "Western Knight" - - about Aug. 24th

S.S. "Eldridge" - - about Aug. 30th

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Tancred" - - - - - - Aug. 28th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc.

apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road

TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE)

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	Night Express R
Shanghai North dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....	19.15
Jessfield dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	19.30
Sicawei dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....	19.36
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	19.50
Shanghai South dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*	*19.20*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	*19.50*
Sunkiang dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....	20.26
Kashai dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....	21.20
Kashing dep.	7.40	10.25	2.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....	21.56
Yehsah dep.	8.45	11.05	3.15	15.50	....	17.58	....	....	22.25
Changan dep.	9.45	11.41	4.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....	22.53
Hangchow dep.	11.10	12.50	16.25	18.40	....	19.19	....	....	23.41
Zahkou arr.	11.35	13.10	16.50	19.10	....	19.35	....	....	24.00

ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local	Night Express R
Zahkou dep.	....	....	6.20	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30	17.50
Hangchow dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05	18.15
Changan dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36	19.03
Yehsah dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40	19.35
Kashing dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30	20.15
Kashai dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....	20.38
Sunkiang dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....	21.36
Lunghwa Junction dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.48*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....	*22.23*
Shanghai South arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.26*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....	*22.40*
Lunghwa Junction dep.	....	....	10.39	11.44	16.14	....	17.18	18.20	....	22.17
Sicawei dep.	....	....	10.39	11.44	16.14	....	17.28	18.28	....	22.25
Jessfield dep.	....	....	10.46	11.51	16.21	....	17.37	18.36	....	22.31
Shanghai North arr.	....	....	11.0	12.05	16.35	....	17.55	18.55	....	22.45

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU (KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE) ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	17.30	23.00	Zahkou.....	dep.	....	10.10	12.25	....	....	18.40	....
Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	17.45	23.15	Hangchow....	dep.	7.30	10.4	12.45	14.55	16.40	19.15	23.40
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.25	18.07	23.25	Kenshangmun	dep.	7.42	1.57	12.57	15.12	16.52	19.27	23.52
Zahkou.....	arr.	....	9.40	12.10	....	....	18.25	....	Konzenchiao..	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	17.05	19.40	0.05

R. Restaurant Car.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE ILST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$635
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$435
North China	$230
Union of Canton	Hk. 187½
Yangtsze	Tls. 280 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	$24 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$138
Hongkong Fire	$340 B.
Shipping	
Ind.-China Def.	$158
Indo-China Pref.	
"Shell"	210/- C.R.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 36 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 36 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 13 B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Taub	$2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$170 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 130½
New Eng. Works	Tls. 26½ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 90 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 98 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 76
China Land	Tls. 80
Shanghai Land	Tls. 67
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 8
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 17 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 69
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 80
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 305 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 86 B.
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 210 B.
Oriental	Tls. 107½
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 205 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 28 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 15½ B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$183 B.
Green Island	$8½ B.
Langkats	Tls. 20½ CNI
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 105 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	Tls. 88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5.25 B.
Weeks	$11½
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 8
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22 B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.75 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.65 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.90
Chempedak	Tls. 6 B.
Cheng	Tls. 1.90
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13
Kamunting	Tls. 3½ B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 15½
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4½ B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 10½ B.
Padang	Tls. 8.80
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 x D B
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.82½ B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 0.70 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.85 B.
Senawang	Tls. 8
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 8
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 8
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 0.75 B.
Sungala	Tls. 0.60 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.85
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.75
Tebong	Tls. 14½
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13 S.
S'hai Elec. and Aeb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 78½
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 21½
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
Shanghai Telephone	Tls. 75
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 163½

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Telephone No. Central 398

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S. Canada and Europe:

Per R.M. s.s. E. of Asia ..Aug. 9

For Vladivostok

Per R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk ..Aug. 2

For Japan

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Aug. 2

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Aug. 2

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada

Per R.M.S. Monteagle....Aug. 2

Per C.M. s.s. Nanking....Aug. 7

ESTABLISHED 1874

L. MOORE & Co.
LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

TODAY, FRIDAY, August 1st.—At Front Salesrooms, 45 Kiangse Road, 10 a.m., **Superior Stores and Provisions.**

TUESDAY NEXT, August 5th.—Front Salesrooms, 10 a.m., **Household Furniture and Sundries.**

WEDNESDAY NEXT, August 6th.—Godown behind Salesrooms, Sundry Cargo, 2.30 p.m.

MONDAY, August 18th.—At 17 Route des Soeurs, **Superior Household Furniture and Requisites** belonging to J. H. de Reus, Esq., Consul-General for The Netherlands, at 10 a.m. and 2.30 p.m.

John E. Hughes & Company
Leaf Tobacco Dealers,
Danville, Virginia, U. S. A.

In order that we may be in a better position to serve the manufacturers and dealers in Tobacco Leaf in China and the Far East we have established an office as below at SHANGHAI.

It would be to the advantage of all manufacturers and dealers to visit our office.

They will find there a full line of samples of every grade of American Tobacco Leaf, and at the very lowest prices. We can also supply samples to all customers in any part of the Far East, and if desired, will call with samples wherever requested.

All inquiries and calls will be given our personal attention.

SHANGHAI OFFICE No. 9a Kiangse Road.

Cable Address: JEHU. Telephone: Central 2709.

J. H. MOORE,
Far Eastern Manager.

24660

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It Pays!

NEW JAPAN-U.S. CABLE DECIDED ON IN TOKIO

Company With Yen 50,000,000 Capital To Be Formed To Lay Line

Tokio, July 15.—At meeting held yesterday afternoon by a number of the most prominent business men of Japan, it was decided to float a Y50,000,000 company for the purpose of laying a cable line between the United States and Japan, says the Japan Advertiser. This decision is the result of the dissatisfaction which has been existing for a long time among business men on both sides of the Pacific with the present cable service, which is utterly unable to handle the constantly increasing volume of traffic. It is expected that the venture will be supported by the big business men of the United States, as well as by those in Japan, and that the establishment of a new cable line will do much towards promoting, not only trade between the United States and the Orient, but also a better understanding between the two nations.

Some time ago a committee of business was formed to look into the matter of laying a cable between the United States and Japan," said Mr. K. Uchida, former Vice-Minister of Communications, who is the moving spirit in the proposition, yesterday afternoon. "Since May 12, when this committee began its work, it has had many meetings and has gone over the details of the proposition. It asked for and received the assistance of the Departments of Commerce and Agriculture, of Education and of the Navy, which furnished experts who made investigations along various lines and who furnished the committee with the results of their investigations.

Leaders Of Business Present

"On the basis of these reports the committee drew up a final report which was presented to a general meeting of business men, which was held this noon. Among those present were Baron Shibusawa, Baron Okura, Baron Nakajima, Baron Go, Mr. Fujiie, of Mitsui and Co.; Mr. Kuchida, of Mitsubishi and Co.; Mr. Kadono, of Okura and Co.; Mr. Odagawa, of Furukawa and Co.; Mr. Koike, of Kuhara and Co.; Mr. Nagasaki, of Suzuki and Co.; Mr. Matsuki, of Yamashita and Co.; Mr. Hara, Mr. Yamasaki, of Morimura and Co.; Mr. Ohashi and many other prominent business men.

"I laid the reports before the meeting and explained their contents. As a result we have now taken one step further and have decided to form a company to carry out the scheme. It will be capitalised at Y50,000,000, which will consist partly of Japanese and partly of American capital. Furthermore, it was decided to appoint a committee of twenty members to take charge of the affair.

"It has not been decided as yet which route will be chosen for the cable, but we do know that it will be one of the two southern routes. One of these will run from San Francisco, to Hawaii, to Midway and to Ogasawara-jima. The other will be the same with the substitution of one of the South Sea Islands now under the control of Japan in the place of Midway. Each of these two routes has its advantages. The Hawaii route is the shorter, but the other gives a shorter distance between stations, which will enable it to do speedier work. No final decision will be made as to which of the two will be chosen until after a survey has been made of the ocean covering both routes.

"I expect to leave for America on August 1, where I will discuss the matter with the gentlemen concerned. I shall confer with the American promoters and shall bring about a final settlement, which I hope can be done very soon. The American business community has had great trouble because of the present inadequate cable service and it feels the need of the new cable."

Co-operation Is Likely

The attention of Mr. Uchida was called to the latest information obtained with regard to the Jones bill, which was recently introduced in the U.S. Senate for the purpose of making an appropriation of $8,000,000 for the laying of a cable between the United States and the Orient. Mr. Uchida was asked whether he thought that this might cause any conflict in plans.

"It is my intention to confer with the American government, as well as the business men," he replied. "The Jones bill is a very good one, and it owes its being to the same conditions which have brought about our proposition. I fear, however, that the amount mentioned in the bill is utterly inadequate, and I trust that co-operation may be arranged for between America and Japan."

U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT HAS DEADLY POISON, ABLE TO WIPE OUT NATIONS

Invention Called Lewisite, Perfected Before Armistice, Exhibited At Washington

London, June 26.—At the War Exhibition in Washington there is shown for the first time a small bottle containing what is claimed to be the deadliest poison ever known.

This strictly guarded war secret was developed in the Bureau of Mines by Professor Lee Lewis, of the North-Western University, Evanston, Illinois.

It was manufactured in a specially built plant near Cleveland, called the "Mousetrap," because every workman entering the stockade signed an agreement not to leave the 11-acre space until the war was won. The secret was thus protected.

The poison is called Lewisite after its inventor, and extraordinary claims are made for it, says Mr. P. W. Wilson the London Daily News New York correspondent. Ten aeroplanes carrying this stuff would have wiped out, it is said, every vestige of life, animal and vegetable, in Berlin. One day's output could have destroyed all life on Manhattan Island.

Three thousand tons of Lewisite were available for the American front in France on March 1. When the armistice was signed Lewisite was being manufactured at the rate of ten tons a day.

According to accounts published here, one drop on the human hand would penetrate to the blood, reach the heart, and kill the victim in agony. The specimen at Washington is set upon a pedestal and completely isolated from the public, being guarded night and day.

Allowing a high percentage for exaggeration, the fact remains that, unless the above claims are entirely misleading, Lewisite, acting as an intensified mustard gas, makes war so utterly destructive as to overshadow every other consideration.

With this manufacture proceeding, and the long-distance flying reported daily, no city anywhere will be safe unless war is absolutely prevented by the League of Nations enforcing total disarmament.

In face of the threatened peril, most of the discussions at Paris seem irrelevant and trivial.

Only scientists can say whether Lewisite and similar products which chemists are investigating possess all the deadly qualities above indicated, but there can be no doubt as to the inevitable trend of the investigations here, which can only culminate in the production of war material the use of which, if permitted, would destroy the human race.

AMERICANS STIR UP LETHARGIC TURKS

Constantinople Has Become A Cosmopolitan City With The Ending Of The Great War

Constantinople, June 6.—Americans make Constantinople hum with their energy, business methods and way of "going ahead" that makes even the old Turk, indifferent as he is to all that passes around him, lift an eyelash in mild surprise. American soldiers, Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., American business men, American machinery, food, clothing, merchandise of every sort and kind are now in this most dirty, casual and ancient city. The Turks, when they talk about it at all, call it "The Invasion of Wealth."

The Prussians have gone; the German invasion is over. But, besides this American invasion, is the Russian invasion, which the Turk, when he talks about it at all, calls, owing to its contrast with the American species, "The Invasion of Poverty."

Russians Too Abound

Every day the orderly, prosperous, business-like, keen-eyed American grows more numerous, busier, better at home in this most fascinating old city on the Golden Horn, the most wonderful city that ever was, with its mingling of the races, its white marble palaces, its noise, dust, and its seal of the Orient.

Every day more and more Russians, poor, ragged, disordered, idle, "devil-may-care," hungry and pleasure-loving, flock here from the Bolshevists, escaping by way of the Golden Horn from Odessa. At Stamboul, at more or less Americanised Pera, at Chichlin and other suburbs Russians abound.

And what a contrast! The Americans, clean shaven every day, methodical, wideawake to all around; the Russians, dirty, unkempt, possessed with the one idea, to amuse themselves. They gamble every night in the hells of Pera, throwing down sheaves of roubles, in notes of a thousand, two and five thousand, which they feverishly change at the rate of 6 cents per rouble instead of the once nominal 50 cents.

American ways and energy have even penetrated into the Turkish homes. Many Turkish women now go about with uncovered faces "because the American women do it," and a few are taking an active part in politics, holding meetings at the famous Hippodrome to agitate for woman suffrage, quoting the women leaders of the suffrage movement away in that America which they have never seen and whose language they do not know.

Public order is good throughout the city. Patrols of Italians and Turks see to that. At crossroads English policemen regulate that curiously intricate Eastern traffic with the same calm they showed a few months ago at Piccadilly Circus.

Americans find life dearer here than in New York. A cab, drawn by an emaciated horse, $15 for a short course; a cup of Turkish coffee, 50 cents, about the size of a thimble.

One furnished room costs $100 a month, but no extra charge is made for the various kinds of bugs that infest it. White bread can be had at 50 cents per pound; American flour is very popular in consequence.

Except for the women who have discarded their veils, nobody seems to care about politics; the great thing is business—business for Greek, Armenian and Israelite—and each and all want to do business with the Americans. There is a market for everything and anything that grows or makes. And the Turk, who does no business, but smokes his cigarette, sips coffee and lets others toil for him, is ready to pay the price. For he is by no means so poor as he gives his neighbors, far and near, to understand.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jettey at 3 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 2:30 p.m.

Monday, August 4, 1919

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 p.m.

Monday, August 24, 1919

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 9 a.m.

AMUSEMENTS

St. GEORGE'S GARDEN
Bubbling Well Road

TONIGHT
Open-Air Cinema Show
DOROTHY DALTON
in
"Chicken Casey"
A Thomas Ince's five parts production and a jolly fine picture

Pathe's G and other new films

Victoria Theatre

TONIGHT
PAULINE FREDERICK
IN
"SLEEPING FIRES"
A POWERFUL STORY OF MOTHER-LOVE AND SELF-SACRIFICE

The Fashionable Rage!
BOSTOCK'S
ROYAL ITALIAN CIRCUS
CHANG SU HO GARDENS
The World's Greatest Wonder Show
First Grand Matinee Today at 5.15
Tonight at 9.15
Children half price to Matinee only.
Be Wise! Book Now at Moutrie's.
Note: Sundays and Holidays booking at Astor House Hotel.

THE MENU
for the
SPECIAL DINNER
to be served at the
"TROCADERO"
CAFE

Tonight is as follows:
Hors d'Oeuvres Varies

SOUPS
Mulligatawny
Iced Consomme in Cup

FISH
Filleted Sole, Sauce Remoulade
Windsor Potatoes

ENTREES
Fillet Steaks, Rossini
Ham and Spinach

RELEVE
Asparagus, Estragon

JOINT
Saddle of Lamb, Mint Sauce
Green Peas, Lorette Potatoes

POULTRY
Capon and Sausages
Russian Salad

SWEETS
Plum Pie
"Troc" Ices
Petit Fours

SAVOURY
Chicken Liver on Toast

Dessert Coffee
At regular prices.

OLYMPIC THEATRE
TONIGHT——TONIGHT
Owing to the steamer not sailing on advertised date,
THE BANVARD COMPANY
Will play Tonight, Saturday, August 2nd, at 9.15 p.m.
When the Vaudeville Programme will be repeated and the 2nd act of "THE SUFFRAGETTES"
Booking open at Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.
Prices $3.00 $2.00 & $1.00.

APOLLO THEATRE TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
A GREAT THOS. INCE PRODUCTION
BLOOD WILL TELL
BLOOD WILL TELL
Featuring
WILLIAM DESMOND
WILLIAM DESMOND
AND **ENID MARKEY**
ENID MARKEY
A gripping story of love and finance in which a disinherited son turns out to be chip-of-the-old-block and saves his father from ruin.
YOU WILL LIKE THIS "GINGER" FILM
Pathe's British and American Gazettes.
LONESOME LUKE —— IN —— "TAKE A CHANCE"
A good Harold Lloyd comedy!

Matinee, Today 4 p.m.
"Mrs. Plum's Pudding"

Matinee, Tomorrow 3.30 p.m.
"The Lightning Raider"
Episode 11th—"The Bars of Death"
Episode 12th—"Buried into Space"

ISIS THEATRE
Sunday, 3rd August
TRIANGLE COMEDY-DRAMA
Douglas Fairbanks
"HIS PICTURE IN THE PAPERS"
and also
CHINESE PERFORMANCE
(No Picture Show Tonight)
Usual Matinee Today and Tomorrow
From Monday Next
CHINESE PERFORMANCE
Will be Discontinued
OUR USUAL PICTURE SHOW WILL BE GIVEN ONLY
Programme Repeated Every Evening as Before
PRICES OF ADMISSION
Middle Stall Or Dress Circle Seat 30 Cents
Box Seat 40 Cents